MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

BETWEEN THE CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH AND THE MANHATTAN BEACH POLICE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION

JANUARY 1, 2019 – DECEMBER 31, 2021



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CHAPTER 1 – INTRODUCTION

ARTICLE 1: PREAMBLE

This Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is prepared between representatives of the City of Manhattan Beach and the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association in accordance with Resolution No. 4506, the Employer-Employee Organization Relations Resolution. Full consideration has been given to salaries, employee benefits and other terms and conditions of employment. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 3505.1 of the Government Code of the State of California and Resolution No. 4506 of said City, said parties make this MOU effective the pay period including January 1, 2019.

ARTICLE 2: IMPLEMENTATION

This MOU constitutes a mutual recommendation by the parties, to the City Council, that one or more resolutions be adopted accepting this MOU and effecting the changes enumerated herein relative to wages, fringe benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment for the employees represented by the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association. It is expressly intended that the duties, responsibilities, and functions of the City in the operation of its business shall in no manner be impaired, subordinated, or negated by any provisions of this agreement.

ARTICLE 3: RECOGNITION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Employee/Employer Relations Resolution of the City of Manhattan Beach and applicable State laws, the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association is recognized as the exclusive representative of all employees in the following classifications for the term of this agreement: Police Officer and Police Sergeant.

ARTICLE 4: TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

The provisions of this MOU shall constitute the wages, hours, and terms and conditions of employment for the employees during the term of this MOU. The parties recognize that past practices may be identified during the term of this MOU by either party and that such past practices (if they qualify as such under the law) are also part of the terms and conditions of employment during the term of this MOU.

ARTICLE 5: EFFECTIVE AND TERMINATION DATES

This MOU shall become effective the pay period including January 1, 2019, and will continue in effect through December 31, 2021. During the period covered by this MOU any items concerning wages, and fringe benefits provided by this MOU shall remain in effect unless the parties agree to revise the same by a written modification to this MOU, subject to the limitations expressed in Section 3504 of the Government Code.

ARTICLE 6: GENDER

Whenever the masculine or feminine form of any word is used in this MOU, it also includes the other gender unless the context clearly indicates a contrary intent.

CHAPTER 2 – COMPENSATION

ARTICLE 7: SALARIES

As set forth in Exhibit A to this MOU, employees in the classification of Police Officer and Police Sergeant shall receive the following across the board base salary increases:

- (a) Effective the first day of the pay period following January 1, 2020, employees shall receive a one and twenty one hundredths percent (1.20%) increase to base salary.
- (b) Effective the first day of the pay period following January 1, 2021, employees shall receive a two percent (2.0%) increase to base salary.

ARTICLE 8: SPECIAL PAYS

The Police Chief shall have the discretion to designate additional police officers to Special Pay assignments with a maximum designation of police officers if needed. These additional police officers will be assigned temporarily based on operational needs of the Department as determined by the Police Chief. These police officer assignments can be removed at any time by the Police Chief. The officers designated as additional shall receive the appropriate premium pay for being designated in specialty assignment. Specialty Pay assignments and compensation shall be as follows:

- (a) <u>Traffic Assignment Pay</u>: Any sworn employee assigned to the traffic bureau will receive 5% of the employee's actual base salary step for that assignment. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Traffic Assignment Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Traffic Detail Premium.
- (b) Motorcycle Service Pay: Any sworn employee who is assigned to motorcycle service, shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in lieu of the 5% above, compensation for the extra hazards faced in performing this assignment at the rate of 10% of the employee's actual base salary step. All maintenance of the motorcycle shall be conducted on duty. Any additional time worked for maintenance of the motorcycle off-duty must be approved in advance by a supervisor. In addition, the City will compensate the employee for uniform maintenance as outlined under Article 12 of this MOU. Employees assigned to motor duty may, at their option, use their City assigned motorcycle to travel to and from work. Officers who use their motorcycle to travel to and from work must live within 50 miles of the City. For purposes of FLSA, such travel time will not be compensated in any manner whatsoever, even when the employee is required to leave the radio on and monitor the radio. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Motorcycle Service Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Motorcycle Patrol Premium.
- (c) <u>Detective Service Pay</u>: Any sworn employee of the Police Department, when assigned to the Detective Bureau or the Narcotics Team, shall during the period of such assignment receive in addition to his regular monthly pay, compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Detective Service Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Detective Division Premium.
- (d) <u>Dog Handler Pay:</u> Employees who are assigned as dog handlers shall, during the period of such assignment, receive an amount of 7.5% on top of base pay, which will be considered full compensation for the special skills associated with the on-duty responsibilities related to this assignment. Employees assigned as dog handlers shall be provided a City vehicle for this purpose, but such travel time to and from work shall not be compensated. Officers assigned as dog handlers <u>must</u> live within 50 miles of the City. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Dog Handler Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Canine Officer Premium.

In addition to the above, effective the first day of the pay period following City Council approval of this 2019-21 MOU, dog handlers will receive compensation of 15 hours per month at the rate of \$15 dollars per hour (the first eleven hours will be paid at straight time and the last four hours will be paid at time and one half \$15 per hour (i.e., \$22.50)) for the off-duty caring, grooming, feeding, training and any other off-duty responsibilities of their canine. The parties acknowledge that the FLSA, which governs the entitlement to compensation for canine duties, entitles the parties to agree to a reasonable number of hours for the performance of off duty canine duties. The hours derived at in this agreement (fifteen hours per month) were determined after an actual inquiry of the officers assigned in the canine special assignment as addressed by *Leever v. City of Carson City*, 360 F.3d 1014 (9th Cir. 2004). It is the intent of the parties through the provisions of this section to fully comply with the requirements of the FLSA. In addition, both parties believe that this section of the MOU does comply with the requirements of the FLSA.

- (e) <u>Training Officer Pay:</u> The City agrees to pay a maximum of six (6) police officers, who are designated as Field Training Officers, 5% of the employee's actual base salary per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Training Officer Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Training Premium.
- (f) <u>Court Liaison Officer Pay:</u> Employees assigned to Court Liaison Officer shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation, compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Court Liaison Officer Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Police Liaison Premium.
- (g) <u>School Resources Officer Pay:</u> Employees assigned as a School Resources Officer shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation, compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, School Resources Officer Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Police Liaison Premium.
- (h) <u>Community Relations Crime Prevention Officer Pay</u>: Employees assigned as a Community Relations Crime Prevention Officer shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation, compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Community Relations Crime Prevention Officer Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Police Administrative Officer.
- (i) <u>Field Training Officer Sergeant Pay</u>: Employees assigned as a Field Training Officer Sergeant shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation, compensation at the rate of two hundred and seventy five dollars (\$275) per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law. Field Training Officer Sergeant Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Training Premium.
- (j) <u>Administrative Sergeant Pay</u>: Employees assigned as an Administrative Sergeant shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation,

compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Administrative Sergeant Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Police Administrative Officer.

- (k) <u>Traffic Sergeant Pay</u>: Employees assigned as a Traffic Sergeant shall, during the period of such assignment, receive in addition to their regular monthly compensation, compensation at the rate of 5% of the employee's actual base salary step per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Traffic Sergeant Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Police Administrative Officer.
- (l) <u>Crime Scene Investigator (CSI) Pay</u>: The City agrees to pay \$325.00 per month for up to a maximum of six (6) police officers, who are designated as CSI's. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Crime Scene Investigator Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Crime Scene Investigator Premium.
- (m) <u>Defensive Tactics Instructor Pay</u>: The City agrees to pay a maximum of eight (8) police officers, who are designated as Defensive Tactics Instructors, \$250 per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Defensive Tactics Instructor Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Training Premium.
- (n) <u>Firearms Instructor Pay</u>: The City agrees to pay a maximum of six (6) police officers, who are designated as Firearm Instructors, \$250 per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Firearms Instructor Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Training Premium.
- (o) <u>Driving Instructor Pay</u>: The City agrees to pay eight (8) unit employees who are designated as Driving Instructors, \$250 per month. The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Driving Instructor Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Training Premium.
- (p) Tenure of assignment in specialty pay positions referenced above is governed by Department Policy.
- (q) <u>Bilingual Pay</u>: Employees will receive bilingual pay for verbal skills in Spanish. Employees receiving bilingual pay are expected to use this skill, including assisting other employees and members of the public, in the course and scope of their duties, as needed.

In order to receive bilingual pay, employees must be certified as verbally bilingual in Spanish. Employees may make application for bilingual pay certification through the Human Resources Department. The certification process shall consist of such tests as determined by the Human Resources Department. Re-certification will be required every two (2) years. Should an employee fail the qualifying test, the employee may retake the test; however, an employee may only take the qualifying test two (2) times in a six (6) month period.

Employees certified as bilingual in Spanish will be compensated \$100 per month. The parties agree that to extent permitted by law, Bilingual Pay is special compensation as defined by

CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(4) as Bilingual Premium.

ARTICLE 9: EDUCATION INCENTIVE PAY

- 1. Employees who have earned a Bachelor's Degree shall receive two and one half percent (2.5%) of the employee's current base salary.
- 2. Employees who have earned a Master's Degree or have earned a Juris Doctorate shall receive an additional (in addition to the 2.5% base salary for earning a Bachelor's Degree) two and one half percent (2.5%) of the employee's current base salary. For employees hired after January 1, 2019, to receive the additional pay for a Master's Degree, it must be in a subject matter which is sufficiently related to the job as approved by the Police Chief. For employees hired after January 1, 2019, who have earned a Master's Degree before being hired, they will be informed as to whether their Master's Degree qualifies for this compensation as part of their offer of employment. In addition, if approved for compensation for a Master's Degree by the Police Chief, the approval will continue to apply in the future and cannot be denied by a subsequent Police Chief.

The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Education Incentive Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(2) and 571.1(b)(2) as Educational Incentive.

ARTICLE 10: PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING (POST) PAY

- 1. Any employee who receives an Intermediate P.O.S.T. certificate shall be paid an amount equal to five percent (5.0%) of the employee's current base salary.
- 2. Any employee who receives an Advanced P.O.S.T. certificate shall receive an additional (in addition to the 5.0% of base salary for receiving an intermediate P.O.S.T) five percent (5.0%) of the employee's current base salary.

The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Peace Officer Standards and Training Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(2) and 571.1(b)(2) as Peace Officer Standard Training (POST) Certificate Pay.

ARTICLE 11: LONGEVITY PAY

- 1. Employees with fifteen (15) years' experience as a sworn police officer (or higher ranked sworn peace officer) shall receive five percent (5.0%) of the employee's current base salary.
- 2. Employees with twenty (20) years' experience as a sworn police officer (or higher ranked sworn peace officer) shall receive an additional (in addition to receiving five percent (5.0%) of base salary for longevity pay for having fifteen (15) years' experience as a sworn police officer or higher ranked sworn peace officer) five percent (5.0%) of the employee's current base salary.

The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, Longevity Pay is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(1) and 571.1(b)(1) as Longevity Pay.

ARTICLE 12: UNIFORM ALLOWANCE

Each employee shall receive a uniform allowance of \$700 per year, which shall be paid in bi-weekly installments. Motor Officers shall receive an additional \$15 per year (total \$715) and Canine Officers shall receive an additional \$180 per year (total \$880). The parties agree that to the extent permitted by law, the value of the uniforms provided in this article is special compensation as defined by CalPERS regulations and shall be reported as such to CalPERS pursuant to Title 2 CCR, Section 571(a)(5) Uniform allowance. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, for "new members" as defined by the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013, the uniform allowance will not be reported as compensation earnable to CalPERS.

CHAPTER 3 – BENEFITS

ARTICLE 13: RETIREMENT

- 1. For All Employees, Except Those Deemed "New Members" Within The Meaning Of The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act Of 2013, The Following Shall Apply:
 - (a) <u>Retirement Formula</u>: Per California Government Code 21362.2, also known as the 3% @ 50 plan.
 - (b) The City has contracted with PERS for the One-Year Final Compensation option, "single highest year" (Government Code Section 20042).
 - (c) These employees shall pay the nine percent (9%) member contribution. Employees shall also pay an additional three percent (3%) retirement contribution as cost sharing pursuant to Government Code section 20516(a). In accordance with IRS Code section 414(h)(2), the cost sharing will then be treated as a pre-tax deduction.
- 2. For All Employees Deemed "New Members" Within The Meaning Of The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act Of 2013, The Following Shall Apply:
 - (a) Retirement Formula: 2.7% @ 57 retirement formula per Government Code 7522.25(d).
 - (b) Final compensation based on the highest annual average pensionable compensation during the three consecutive years of employment immediately preceding the effective date of his or her retirement or some other 36 consecutive month period designated by the employee per Government Code section 7522.32(a).
 - (c) <u>Employee Paid Retirement Contribution:</u> Such employees shall pay the higher of twelve percent (12%) or the rate, which CalPERS informs the City (each year) that new members are required to pay for their employee retirement contribution. If the rate established by CalPERS (each year) is below twelve percent (12%), the remaining contribution up to twelve percent (12%) is made per Government Code section 20516(a). In accordance with IRS Code section 414(h)(2), the cost sharing will then be treated as a pre-tax deduction.
- 3. As permitted by the Government Code, the City shall not pay for accumulated sick leave for industrial disability retirements.

ARTICLE 14: HEALTH CARE AND RETIREE MEDICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

1. Medical

- (a) The City contracts with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for health care. The City will contribute the minimum employer contribution as provided under Government Code section 22892 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA).
- (b) The City agrees to provide a contribution to cover the PORAC Plan at the level the employee is enrolled, either single, employee with one dependent, or employee with two or more dependents. The City's contribution will be inclusive of (not in addition to) the CalPERS statutory minimum as provided in paragraph 1(a) above. To the extent out-of-pocket costs are incurred, the City will process the costs through premium conversion, thereby reducing the employee's taxable income.
- (c) The amount the City will contribute for each employee's medical insurance is ninety-five percent (95%) of the premium for the CalPERS PORAC plan, depending on whether the employee is enrolled as single, employee with one dependent or employee with two or more dependents. If the plan chosen is less costly than the rates of the PORAC plan, the City will pay 95% of the premium for the plan chosen with the employee paying (with a deduction from their pay) for the remainder of the plan chosen. If an employee chooses a plan, which is more costly than 95% of the PORAC premium rate, the employee will pay the difference between the 95% of the PORAC premium rate and the more expensive plan.
- (d) There shall be no cash back to employees from their health care allowances; however, employees who opt out of health insurance completely will receive either
 - 1. A City contribution to the employee's Section 125 Healthcare or Childcare flexible benefit plan (if qualified to participate) up to the maximum contribution allowed by law which will not be subject to tax withholdings; or
 - 2. A payment in their normal paycheck equal to the maximum contribution allowed by law to the City's Section 125 Healthcare or Childcare flexible benefit plan, subject to applicable taxes (if qualified to participate).
- (e) The City shall pay any surcharge assessed by PERS on the health care premiums up to 3.3%. Any future surcharges shall be paid by the employee.
- (f) Once an employee exhausts 4850 pay and becomes eligible for Temporary Disability, the employee must supplement TD payments with at least one (1) hour of paid leave per bi-weekly pay period to be eligible for health insurance contributions from the City.
- (g) Affordable Care Act Minimum Essential Coverage Requirements and Reopener

Employees who are able to demonstrate to the City's satisfaction that they have minimum essential coverage as defined by the Affordable Care Act, (through another source other than coverage in the individual market, whether or not obtained through Covered California) may opt out of participation in the City's health plan. The parties agree to a reopener at any time during the term of the MOU to address issues related to the Affordable Care Act. The labor negotiations regarding the reopener must be mutually agreeable to the parties. Neither the City nor the Association can declare impasse. If the negotiations do not end in an agreement, the negotiations end and the MOU is not changed.

2. Dental

The City will provide coverage at the level the employee is enrolled, either single, employee with one dependent, or employee with two or more dependents. To the extent out-of-pocket costs are incurred, the City will process the costs through premium conversion, thereby reducing the employee's taxable income.

3. Vision

The City shall provide all represented employees and dependents the same vision care plan that is provided to Management/Confidential and miscellaneous employees.

4. Retiree Medical Contribution

- (a) Because the City contracts with CalPERS for the provision of medical insurance, it complies with the requirements of Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). Therefore, the City shall pay the CalPERS statutory minimum amount on behalf of all employees who retire from the City in accordance with the requirements of PEMHCA.
- (b) In addition to the provision of the CalPERS statutory minimum as provided by paragraph (a) above, any employee who retires with a minimum of twenty (20) years of service with the City of Manhattan Beach, shall receive a contribution of \$300 per month. However, any employee who has a minimum of twenty (20) total years of service as sworn law enforcement in U.S. public agency(ies), with a minimum of ten (10) consecutive years at the City of Manhattan Beach in a sworn police status shall receive a contribution of \$400 per month.

The additional contribution of \$300 or \$400 will be used toward health insurance costs, unless and until the following occur:

- 1) The retiree reaches 65 years of age; or
- 2) The retiree becomes eligible for Medicare; or
- 3) The retiree dies.

If any of the preceding conditions occur, the employee shall no longer be eligible to receive the additional (\$300.00 or \$400.00) retiree medical contribution.

ARTICLE 15: HOURS OF WORK/OVERTIME

- (a) <u>Firearms qualification</u> All members of the department are required to qualify at the range each quarter. Time spent qualifying will be in a paid status. All employees on shifts when the range is open will qualify while on duty. Employees who shoot at the range at times for other than the required qualification or training will be considered to be on personal time and such time is not counted as working time and is not compensable in any manner whatsoever.
- (b) <u>Court standby pay</u> A member of the bargaining unit, who while off-duty is on court standby status, may leave a telephone number where he or she may be reached while on court standby. Such time is not considered hours worked under the FLSA, however, the employee will be paid 1/2 his regular rate of pay.

- (c) Court pay When an employee is required to appear in court while off-duty, he/she shall be paid for all hours spent in court, with a minimum credit of three (3) hours for each morning court session and an additional two (2) hours for each afternoon court session. If an employee's regular work shift begins within two (2) hours from the time the employee is called to court, the employee will be paid for the time prior to the start of his regular shift. Travel time to court shall not be considered hours worked and shall not be compensated.
- (d) Acting Pay Employees who are acting in a higher classification (i.e., working in a higher rank) shall begin to receive acting pay after working in the higher classification for fourteen (14) consecutive days. Acting pay shall be paid at the lowest step of the higher classification.
- (e) <u>Call-back pay</u> Call back duty occurs when an employee is ordered to duty on a non-regularly scheduled work shift. Call back does not occur when an employee is held over from his/her prior shift or is working prior to his/her regularly scheduled shift. An employee called back to duty shall be credited with a minimum of one (1) hour work commencing when he/she received the phone call to report to duty. Any hours worked in excess of 1 hour shall be credited on an hour for hour basis for actual time worked. Travel time home shall not be considered hours worked and shall not be compensated in any manner whatsoever. Thus, in determining time worked on call-back, the time shall begin when the employee receives the call and shall end when the work is done prior to the employee's travel back home. This provision is to be distinguished from "Court Standby" pay in Section 28b which is to be used when an employee is called to appear in court.
- (f) Training time Attendance at training schools/facilities which improves the performance of regular tasks and/or prepares for job advancement is compensable for hours spent in class only. Any time spent in excess of the classroom time will not be counted as working time and is not compensable in any manner whatsoever. Time spent in studying and other personal pursuits is not compensable hours of work, even though the employee may be confined to campus or to barracks 24 hours a day. Travel time to and from the training facility outside of an employee's normal work shift is not compensable hours of work.

All local and non-local travel must be in accordance with the guidelines outlined in Administrative Instruction #A-6 "Travel and Attendance at Conferences and Meetings". Whenever possible and practical, supervisors will try to arrange City-related travel to occur during working hours and minimize the impact to the employee's own time. It is the employee's responsibility to identify potential conflicts and bring them to their supervisor so that they may be addressed in the most feasible fashion.

(g) <u>General overtime</u> – Employees are subject to the partial overtime exemption provided for by Section 7(k) of the FLSA and have a 28-day FLSA work period. Employees' entitlement to overtime per the FLSA is per the provisions of the FLSA.

Employees are entitled to receive MOU overtime (i.e., overtime provided for by this MOU in excess of the requirements of the FLSA) if they work in excess of their regularly scheduled full-time hours in each pay period (which may be 75, 80 or 85 hours depending on their work schedule). In determining an employee's eligibility for MOU overtime compensation in a pay period, paid vacations, holidays, bereavement leave, and compensatory time, shall count as hours worked. However, neither sick leave nor leave per Labor Code section 4850 count as hours worked for purposes of calculating MOU overtime. Employees will be paid at the rate of time and one-half his/her rate of pay or compensatory time at the rate of one and one half (1.5) times hours worked at the employee's option. An employee's compensatory time bank shall not exceed 100 hours.

Employees will be paid their MOU overtime on the pay day following each pay period in which they earn MOU overtime.

- (h) An employee wishing to use his/her accrued compensatory time off shall provide the City with reasonable notice. If reasonable notice is provided, the employee's request may not be denied unless it is unduly disruptive to the department to grant the request. A request to use compensatory time off without reasonable notice may still be granted within the discretion of the supervisor or manager responsible for considering the request.
- (i) 3/12.5 + 10 for Patrol The work schedule for unit members assigned to patrol is a 3/12.5 + 10. Employees assigned to the 3/12.5+10 work schedule do not accrue any additional accrued leave (including, but not limited to, vacation, sick or holiday) hours as a result of their work schedules. The parties agree that if either side wishes to change this work schedule, it may request to meet and confer and the other side agrees it will come to the collective bargaining table expeditiously. For all non-patrol members the 4/10 schedule will remain.
- (j) Overtime authorization All overtime requests must have the prior authorization of a supervisor prior to the commencement of such overtime work. Where verbal authorization is obtained, written authorization must be obtained as soon thereafter as practicable. Dispatched calls beyond the end of duty time are considered as authorized.
 - An employee's failure to obtain prior written approval, or explicit verbal authorization followed by written authorization, will result in the denial of the overtime request. The overtime slip constitutes written authorization.
- (k) <u>Clothes changing</u> Time spent in changing clothes before or after a shift is not considered hours worked and is not compensable in any manner whatsoever. The parties recognize that such time is not compensable because employees have the option per Department Policy to don and doff their uniform and protective gear at home whether they do so or not.
- (l) <u>City vehicle use</u> Employees who are provided with a City vehicle to travel to and from work shall not be compensated in any manner whatsoever for such travel time in the City vehicle. (This provision also applies in those situations where the radio must be left on and monitored.)
- (m) Scheduling remains a management right. If an officer is placed on a multi-jurisdictional assignment, the officer shall work the schedule utilized by the assignment.
- (n) <u>Modified duty assignments</u> The parties recognize that temporary modified duty assignments may be assigned to affected employees who are temporarily incapacitated from performing all usual and customary duties of their position. The parties hereby specifically agree that determination by administration of the days and hours of work to which an employee shall be assigned while performing "modified duty," is a management right.

ARTICLE 16: SHIFT BIDS

Employees in the classification of Police Officer and Police Sergeant shall be entitled to select the shift. However, it remains the sole discretion of the department to determine through the master schedule of available shifts, which days off are associated with any particular shift. Shift selection shall be made based upon seniority in the employee's current classification (including any time served in a higher or lower paying classification). The only exceptions to this entitlement are under the following conditions:

(a) To accommodate a formal PIP.

- (b) To facilitate the separation of two employees who have a formal, documented hostile work environment and/or sexual harassment incident.
- (c) To facilitate the separation of two employees who have a formal, documented adverse situation which has impacted the effectiveness of the shift to which they are assigned.

Movement of individuals under the above circumstances shall only be done after all other reasonable efforts have been considered.

If a non-probationary Police Officer or Police Sergeant is displaced from his/her selected shift (after the shift bid has been finalized) by an officer being moved under one of the above circumstances, that displaced officer or sergeant shall be entitled to a 5% bonus of their current base salary for the period of the displacement.

Under this article, the placement of officers or sergeants for the purposes of balancing experience throughout the shift, equal distribution of FTOs or other officers assigned collateral duties such as CSI, DUI, DRE, or to assign premium shifts as inducements or rewards to less senior officers, are specifically excluded.

Any dispute regarding the necessity of movement of officers or the accuracy of the asserted need shall be resolved by the City's Human Resources Director.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article: (1) Probationary Police Officers may be assigned to specific shifts for training purposes which will be accomplished by blocking out the last slot on the particular shift needed and before shifts are bid, and (2) A maximum of two probationary police sergeants may be assigned to specific shifts for training purposes, which will be accomplished by blocking out the appropriate slot on the particular shift needed before the shifts are bid. Each slot will be on a different shift. There will be no bumping mid-cycle. The Department will have the right to closely or exactly match probationary sergeants' days off to that of the lieutenant on the shift to which they are assigned.

ARTICLE 17: TUITION REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM

All members covered under this agreement shall be eligible to participate in the City's tuition reimbursement program as outlined in the applicable Personnel Instruction. The current annual reimbursement amount for tuition and books is \$3,000. The college or university at which courses are taken must be is accredited as defined by the U.S. Department of Education Data of Accredited Postsecondary Institutions and Programs.

ARTICLE 18: MEDICARE/SOCIAL SECURITY

If Federal Medicare/Social Security is mandated by Congress, the contribution designated by law to be the responsibility of the employee shall be paid in full by the employee and the City shall not be obligated to pay or "pick-up" any portion thereof.

ARTICLE 19: DIRECT DEPOSIT PAYCHECKS

Employees covered under this MOU shall receive their bi-weekly compensation through the City's direct payroll deposit program.

CHAPTER 4 – LEAVES OF ABSENCE

ARTICLE 20: VACATION

Employees begin to earn vacation upon completion of six (6) months employment. At that time, the employee receives 40 hours vacation and thereafter earns the indicated monthly rate. If an employee terminates employment with the City and then returns, vacation shall be earned at the same rate as if he/she was a new employee. Vacation shall be earned for continuous periods of employment to the following maximum vacation accumulation amounts:

	Vac Hrs/Mo	Vac Accum Cap
Less than or equal to:		
5 full years	6 667	240 hours
•		308 hours
16 full years	10.000	340 hours
17 full years	10.667	376 hours
18 full years	11.333	392 hours
19 full years	12.000	408 hours
20 full years	12.667	424 hours
	13.333	440 hours
	5 full years 10 full years 16 full years 17 full years 18 full years 19 full years	Less than or equal to: 5 full years 6.667 10 full years 8.667 16 full years 10.000 17 full years 10.667 18 full years 11.333 19 full years 12.000 20 full years 12.667

Effective with the pay period, which includes January 1, 2020, Vacation Accrual and Accumulation shall be as follows:

<u>Tenure</u>		Vac Hrs/Mo	Vac Accum Cap
Greater than:	Less than or equal to:		-
	5.0.11	0.66	2601
6 months	5 full years	8.667	260 hours
5 full years	10 full years	10.833	315 hours
10 full years	15 full years	13.0	370 hours
15 full years	20 full years	15.167	425 hours
More than 20 f	ull years	17.333	480 hours

If an employee reaches the vacation accrual maximum, that employee will not accumulate further vacation until such time that the employee's accrual rate returns to below the maximum amount. Under special circumstances, and with City Manager approval, an employee may be allowed to accrue over the maximum on a temporary basis.

On or before the pay period, which includes December 15 of each calendar year starting in 2019, an employee may make an irrevocable election to cash out up to one hundred and five (105) hours of accrued vacation, which will be earned in the following calendar year at the employee's base rate of pay. On the pay day for the first pay period in December each year in the following year, the employee will receive cash for the amount of Vacation Leave the employee irrevocably elected to cash out in the prior year.

If an employee makes an irrevocable election to cash out vacation leave in the following calendar year and uses vacation leave in that subsequent year, the vacation leave used will come from vacation leave the employee had earned prior to January 1 of the year the employee has elected to cash out vacation leave. This is to ensure that assuming an employee had a vacation leave balance prior to January 1st, the vacation leave used will not result in a reduction in the amount of vacation leave the employee will be eligible to cash out. However, if in the first pay period in December, when the employee receives vacation cash out, he/she does not have the amount vacation on the books to which he/she irrevocably elected to cash out, he/she will be cashed out for the hours he/she has on the books at that time.

ARTICLE 21: HOLIDAYS

(a) <u>Non-probationary Employees</u>

Non-probationary employees are entitled to 110 hours off in lieu of paid holidays each year. Holiday leave shall vest at the rate of 4.231 hours each bi-weekly pay period. If an employee is on unpaid leave during the year, his/her holiday leave accrual will be reduced by a proportionate amount to account for the unpaid leave.

Employees were advanced the entire 110 hours of holiday leave in the first full pay period after July 1, 2018. Effective the final payroll period of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 an employee may cash out up to 30 hours of accrued, unused holiday hours. Any unused holiday hours at the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 will be added to the employee's vacation accrual. An employee also has the choice to convert the unused holiday hours into vacation and then immediately roll those hours into the Manhattan Beach Police Officer's Association Medical Trust Fund even if the employee's vacation bank is momentarily over the accrual cap until the vacation to the Medical Trust Fund. It is up to the employee to notify and authorize payroll in writing by June 15, 2019 to deposit holiday cash out into the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association Medical Trust Fund. If such notification is not received, the employee will receive up to 30 hours of holiday leave as part of his/her paycheck for the final payroll period of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 and the remaining amount will be put in the employee's vacation accrual. If the placement of vacation in the employee's vacation accrual bank will cause the employee to be at or above his/her maximum accrual, the employee will not be permitted to accrue additional vacation until the vacation accrual amount is below the vacation accrual cap.

Effective the first full pay period after July 1, 2019, employees will be advanced 55 holiday leave hours. Any unused holiday hours at the end of calendar year 2019 will be added to the employee's vacation accrual. If the placement of vacation in the employee's vacation accrual bank will cause the employee to be at or above his/her maximum accrual, the employee will not be permitted to accrue additional vacation until the vacation accrual amount is below the vacation accrual cap.

Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2020 and for each calendar year thereafter, employees will be advanced the entire 110 hours of holiday leave hours. If the holiday hours are not used during the calendar year, the employee has the following options with any remaining unused hours:

- 1. Any unused holiday hours at the end of each calendar year can be added to the employee's vacation accrual. If the placement of vacation in the employee's vacation accrual bank will cause the employee to be at or above his/her maximum accrual, the employee will not be permitted to accrue additional vacation until the vacation accrual amount is below the vacation accrual cap.
- 2. An employee may also convert unused holiday hours into vacation and then immediately roll any number of those hours into the Manhattan Beach Police Officer's Association Medical Trust Fund ("Fund"). It is up to each employee to notify and authorize payroll in writing by December 15 each year to deposit the cash value of holiday hours (transferred from holiday to vacation) into the Fund. If such notification is not received, then the City will assume that the first option above has been chosen by the employee.
- 3. In addition to the first two options above, if the employee makes an irrevocable election by December 15 of each calendar year to cash out up to 30 hours of unused holiday leave, the

number of hours irrevocably elected to be cashed out (up to a maximum of 30) will be paid to the employee in the final pay period of the calendar year. If such an election is made, the employee can cash out up to 30 hours of unused vacation leave and also covert additional holiday leave to vacation and/or the Fund (as described in options 1 and 2 above).

Employees who leave City service shall be paid for their unused, vested holiday leave upon separation. Any advanced holiday leave that is used but not vested, shall be deducted from an employee's final paycheck. In the event an employee's final paycheck is insufficient to cover the advanced leave, the City reserves the right to collect any monies due from the departing employee.

(b) Initial Hire Probationary Employees

Sworn, initial-hire probationary employees are entitled to 55 hours off in lieu of paid holidays each six (6) months. Holiday leave shall vest at the rate of 4.231 hours each bi-weekly pay period, however, each employee's holiday bank shall be advanced the 55 hours each July 1 and January 1 or pro-rata portion if their service as an initial hire probationary employee begins after these dates.

Employees who leave City service shall be paid for their unused, vested holiday leave upon separation. Any advanced holiday leave that is used but not vested, shall be deducted from an employee's final paycheck. In the event an employee's final paycheck is insufficient to cover the advanced leave, the City reserves the right to collect any monies due from the departing employee.

These employees may cash out up to 30 hours of holiday time at the end of the fiscal year ending July 1, 2019. Effective January 1, 2020 cash out of holiday leave will occur on a calendar year basis. If these employees make an irrevocable election by December 15 of each calendar year (starting in 2019) to cash out holiday leave earned in the following year, may cash out up to 30 hours of unused holiday leave which will be paid to the employee in the final pay period of the calendar year, Any holiday hours accrued, unused, or not cashed out will be added to the employee's vacation accrual. If the placement of vacation in the employee's vacation accrual bank will cause the employee to be at or above his/her maximum accrual, the employee will not be permitted to accrue additional vacation until the vacation accrual amount is below the vacation accrual cap.

For initial hire probationary employees, for purposes of cash out of holidays, they are treated as initial hire probationary employees until the end of the calendar year when they pass probation.

ARTICLE 22: SICK LEAVE

- (a) <u>Accumulation:</u> Employees shall earn sick leave at the rate of 7.67 hours per month for a total of 92 hours per year. Sick leave is permitted to be used once accrued as provided for in the rules and regulations.
- (b) Three days continuous sick leave usage requires a note from a doctor verifying that the employee can return to work.
- (c) An employee shall be able to use his or her accumulated sick leave to supplement any temporary disability pay received by the employee as outlined in the applicable Personnel Rule.
- (d) When an employee uses sick leave for a purpose, which qualifies for leave per the Federal Family and Medical Care Leave Act (FMLA) and/or the State California Family Rights Act (CFRA) or is

disabled by pregnancy, the City may run the employee's FMLA/CFRA leave and/or Pregnancy Disability Leave (PDL) concurrently with the sick leave. In addition, if an employee uses FMLA/CFRA or PDL for a purpose which these laws would entitle the City to require the use of sick leave the City may do so.

- (e) Per Labor Code section 233, employees may use one half of one's year's annual accrued sick leave (46 hours) to care for a 1) child (biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child to whom the employee stands in loco parentis), 2) a biological, adoptive, or foster parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of an employee, 3) the employee's spouse or registered domestic partner, or a person who stood in loco parentis when the employee was a minor child, 4) a grandparent, 5) a grandchild, or 6) a sibling.
- (f) Conversion: The employee annual sick leave conversion program is as follows:
 - 1) 70-92 unused hours of sick leave earned in the fiscal year, the employee receives one-half of the unused sick leave credited to vacation and the remainder carried over as sick leave.
 - 2) 46-69 unused hours of sick leave earned in the fiscal year, the employee receives onequarter of the unused sick leave credited to vacation and the remainder carried over as sick leave.
 - 3) 45 hours or less of unused sick leave earned in the fiscal year, the employee receives no conversion to vacation and the entire unused sick leave is carried over as sick leave.
 - 4) If an employee is at or near their vacation accrual maximum, sick leave will be converted up to the amount of his or her vacation limit only.
- (g) The City will allow employees to convert up to 30 hours of sick leave conversion time to cash, which will be deposited in the employee's name in the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association Health Trust Fund. This cannot be cashed out as pay and it is at the option of the employee. The City will allow employees to have direct deposit into the Trust Fund once a year in July. The City will be given a hold harmless agreement for operation of the Trust.
- (h) Police sworn employees shall have the following options regarding their sick leave conversion, if eligible:
 - 1) Convert applicable sick leave credit to vacation hours and use the time.
 - 2) Allow up to 30 hours of sick leave conversion time to be directly deposited into the Association's Trust Fund.
- (i) At retirement, an employee may apply any unused accrued sick leave as additional service credit in accordance with applicable CalPERS regulations, as provided by in Government Code Section 20965.

ARTICLE 23: BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

An employee may use up to five (5) days of paid leave (however, only a maximum of 40 total hours) in a twelve (12) month period beginning on the date the first leave begins for bereavement leave as a result of the death of a member of the employee's immediate family (*i.e.*, the employee's husband, wife, parent, registered domestic partner, brother, sister, child, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother in law, foster child, and foster parent (as well as grandparents or grandchildren if living in the same residence as the employee)).

ARTICLE 24: JURY DUTY

It is the City's policy to provide up to 80 hours paid leave time to full-time employees summoned for jury duty in accordance with the City's Personnel Instruction #P-13. Officers summoned to appear in court for jury duty purposes shall notify their supervisor when so summoned and will be required to provide court documentation of such appearance.

CHAPTER 5 – EMPLOYER-EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

ARTICLE 25: GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

(a) Definition of Grievance

Grievance shall be defined as a dispute between (1) an employee, group of employees, or the Association on behalf of an individual employee or group of employees, and (2) the city, regarding the application or interpretation of specific provisions of the MOU or City Personnel Rules and Regulations. This procedure is not intended to discourage resolution of disputes regarding the MOU in an informal manner. Except as provided by law, the grievance procedure is the sole and exclusive method to challenge an alleged violation of the MOU.

(b) Grievance Submittal

Grievances must be submitted on the Grievance form and within the proper time frames to be considered. Time limits when filing formal grievances may be extended by mutual agreement between the parties.

(c) Grievance Procedure Steps

Informal Process

The employee, a representative of the group of employees if a group grievance or a representative of the Association if filed by the Association shall first discuss the issue with an appropriate supervisor as soon as practical and in any event no later than 20 working days from the occurrence or knowledge of the occurrence of the issue. The supervisor should respond and when appropriate resolve the issue within 20 working days from the date of the discussion with the employee.

Formal Process

- If the grievant is not satisfied with the supervisor's response in the informal process, the grievance may be submitted for formal review by completing the Police Department Review Grievance Form, stating the specific MOU or City Personnel rule or regulation that was improperly applied and stating the specific resolution desired. This Grievance Form shall be submitted to the Chief of Police for review within 20 working days of the supervisor's response in the Informal process. The Chief will give a written reply by the end of the tenth (10th) workday following the date the grievance was submitted.
- 2) If the grievance is not resolved in Step 1 of the formal process, the employee must, within five (5) working days, following receipt of the Chief's written reply, present the grievance form to the Human Resources Director for further processing. The failure of

the grievant to take this action will constitute a waiver of the grievance, unless time limits are extended through mutual agreement.

Within ten (10) working days of receipt of the grievance, the Human Resources Director will contact the grievant to schedule a meeting with the City Manager or his/her designee to hear the grievance. Either the City or the employee(s)' (or Association's) representative may call other employees as witnesses during the meeting.

A written decision will then be rendered within 15 working days of the hearing. The decision of the City Manager will conclude the grievance process.

ARTICLE 26: DISCIPLINE AND APPEAL PROCESS

<u>GENERAL POLICY</u>: The City is committed to following the principles of progressive discipline. Disciplinary actions should be designed to fit the nature of the problem. The particular action imposed shall depend on the severity of the misconduct, the particular factual circumstances involved and take into consideration other incidents with comparable circumstances. All disciplinary action shall be based on the principles of just cause.

PROVISIONS:

(a) Actions Defined:

1) Performance Feedback

The use of oral or written performance feedback (including Blue Cards) shall not be considered disciplinary action, and shall be used as a tool by supervisors to address performance problems or minor instances of misconduct, as well as accomplishments. The supervisor or manager should review with the employee both the specific deficiencies in question and the City's standards. The cause(s) of the deficiency should be identified along with specific improvement needed. Any written warnings will be kept in the supervisory file, not the official personnel file, and a copy given to the employee. The employee may respond in writing within 30 days. The supervisory file is intended to be a temporary file to record performance, both positive and negative, throughout the performance year. When the performance evaluation is prepared for the employee, the entire contents of the supervisory file should be considered in determining the overall performance. Once the evaluation is completed and filed in the employee's personnel file, all written performance feedback prepared during the evaluation period must be discarded.

2) <u>Letter of Reprimand</u>

A Letter of Reprimand shall be considered the lowest level of discipline and generally is appropriate to correct an instance of more serious circumstance or employee misconduct which does not warrant suspension or discharge, repeated instances of minor misconduct or identified performance problems. The purpose of a Letter of Reprimand is to put the employee on notice that the City will take other disciplinary action unless improvement in performance is demonstrated. The supervisor or manager issuing the Letter of Reprimand shall meet with the employee to discuss specific improvements required within a defined time period to avoid further disciplinary action. A copy of the Letter of Reprimand will be placed in the employee's official personnel file. The employee has the right to respond within 30 days.

3) <u>Suspension</u>

Suspension is the temporary removal of an employee from his duties without pay for up to thirty (30) calendar days.

4) Reduction in Pay

A Reduction in Pay is a reduction in hourly salary for a limited and defined period of time, and does not result in any classification change. The employee continues to report to work for the duration of the Reduction in Pay.

5) <u>Demotion</u>

Demotion is the movement of an employee from his current classification to a new classification having a lower salary range.

6) <u>Discharge</u>

Discharge is the involuntary termination of an employee.

(b) Pre-Disciplinary Procedure ("Skelly Meeting")

If an employee is to receive a letter of reprimand, be suspended, receive a reduction in pay, be demoted or discharged, the employee shall:

- 1) Receive written notice of the intended action at least seven (7) working days before the date it is intended to become effective, which provides the specific grounds and the particular facts upon which the action is based.
- 2) Receive copies of any known materials, reports or other documents upon which the intended action is based.
- 3) The employee shall have the right to respond in writing and/or orally within a reasonable period of time to the intended charges and/or be accorded the right to meet within a reasonable period of time with the Chief of Police who has the authority to modify or eliminate the intended disciplinary action.
- 4) Be given the written decision of the Chief prior to the effective date of the disciplinary action.

(c) Appeal Process

- 1) Any action which qualifies as "punitive action" as defined by the Public Safety Officers' Procedural Bill of Rights Act including a Letter of Reprimand and any suspension up to and including three (3) days, is appealable as follows:
 - <u>Step 1</u>: The employee must, within twelve (12) working days, present the appeal to the Human Resources Director for processing. The failure of the employee to take this action shall constitute a waiver of the appeal, unless time limits are extended through mutual agreement.
 - <u>Step 2</u>: Within ten (10) working days of receipt of the appeal, the Human Resources Director will set up a meeting between the employee and his/her representative with the City Manager or his or her designee to review the issues. A written decision will then be rendered within fifteen (15) working days of the meeting. The decision of the City Manager will be final.

It is not intended that the appeal procedure be used to effect changes in the established salary and fringe benefits.

Either the City or the Association may call any employee as a witness to any of the above steps, and the City agrees to compensate said witness for his testimony. The parties agree to make every effort to call witnesses while they are on duty.

2) A disciplinary action of suspension in excess of three (3) days, or if the result of the discipline is over 3 days total suspension time in a 12-month period, reduction in pay, demotion or discharge is appealable using the following process.

Appeal Procedure:

<u>Step 1</u>: The employee may appeal to the Board of Review (LA County Civil Service Commission) or request an outside Arbitrator to hear the appeal by filing an appeal to the Police Chief's action within twelve (12) working days. The Arbitrator will be selected from a list supplied by the State Mediation and Conciliation Services. In the event agreement cannot be reached on the identity of the arbitrator, both parties will alternately strike names from the list until only one remains. The order of striking names will be decided by a flip of the coin.

Step 2: In cases of discharge, reduction of pay or suspension without pay in excess of five (5) days, a hearing will be granted. For suspensions of 4 or 5 days, the Board of Review or Arbitrator may make a decision without a hearing, after a review of the written materials submitted by all parties concerned. As indicated in MB Municipal Code Section 2.08.090, Removal and Suspension of Employees and Officers, the City Manager may affirm, revoke or modify the action of the Board of Review or Arbitrator and that decision shall be final.

The City and POA will each pay half of the cost of appeals to a Board of Review or an Arbitrator if the Association assists the appellant in its representative capacity or in any way financially. Shared costs shall include only those charges from the Board of Review or Arbitrator.

ARTICLE 27: PROBATION

Probation for original appointments of sworn members of the Police Department shall be not less than 18 months. Probation for laterals and promotional appointments shall be 12 months from the date of employment or appointment into the promotional rank. However, in addition to any and all pre-existing City Policies and Procedures authorizing extension of the probationary period, said probationary period shall be automatically extended where, (1) any cumulative absence during the probationary period from the performance of the employee's usual and customary duties is in excess of 240 hours or, (2) where presence at the work site during the probationary period but in a condition where the employee is unable to perform all of the usual and customary duties of the job position, is in excess of 240 hours. In calculating said 240 hours, absences attributed to utilization of holiday time off and to the utilization of compensatory time off, shall be excluded. In those instances where 240 hours are accumulated, the probationary period extension shall automatically occur regardless of notice of said extension being provided to the subject employee. The probationary period extension shall be in an amount of time equal to the total number of hours during the probationary period the employee was absent or unable to perform all of his/her usual and customary duties.

ARTICLE 28: ABANDONMENT OF POSITION

Employees absent from work without authorization or notification for three (3) consecutive working days, shall be construed to have abandoned their employment with the City and be subject to termination.

ARTICLE 29: NO SMOKING

Employees hired after September 3, 1988, must refrain from smoking tobacco or using any other tobacco substance at any time on or off duty as a condition of continued employment. This includes vaping and the use of e-cigarettes. Violation of this condition of employment shall be deemed good cause for discipline up to and including dismissal.

ARTICLE 30: WORK STOPPAGE PROHIBITION

Prohibited Conduct

- (a) The Association, its officers, agents, representative, and members, agree that, during the term of this Memorandum of Understanding or any agreed upon extensions of the MOU, they will not call or engage in any strike, walkout, work stoppage, sickout, blue flu, concerted withholding of services by employees represented by the Association, disruption of City services, or honor any job action by any other employee or group of employees of the City or any union or association of employees by withholding or refusing to perform services; provided, however, that by executing this agreement neither the Association nor any of its members waive their rights (1) under Section 6300 et seq. of the California Labor Code to refuse to work under unsafe conditions and (2) under the United States and California Constitutions to exercise their rights of freedom of speech, assembly and association such as by engaging in lawful informational picketing.
- (b) This article shall not constitute a waiver by the City of its position that any work stoppages are illegal, regardless of whether or not a valid MOU is or is not in effect. Nor shall this article constitute a waiver by the Association of its rights to engage in any strike walkout, work stoppage, sick-out, blue flu, or other job actions that are allowable under the law at the conclusion of the term of this MOU or any agreed upon extensions, and to assert that these actions are lawful.
- (c) In the event that the Association, its officers, agents, representatives, or members engage in any of the conduct prohibited above, the Association shall utilize reasonable efforts to stop such conduct and immediately instruct, in writing, any persons engaging in such conduct that their actions are in violation of this Memorandum of Understanding and are unlawful, and that they must immediately cease such conduct and return to work.
- (d) In the event the Association carries out in good faith its responsibilities set forth in Paragraph (b) above, it shall not be liable for the actions of any individual who participates in conduct prohibited by Paragraph 1 above. Any employee who participates in any conduct prohibited above or violates any other City rule or regulation, shall be subject to disciplinary action including termination by the City.

This shall not abrogate the right of any employee to receive all due process guaranteed to him or her in procedures relating to disciplinary action.

ARTICLE 31: DRUG TESTING PROGRAM

The City and the Association agree to mutually work together for the prevention of alcohol and substance abuse in the workplace for the benefit of the employees, City, and the residents of Manhattan Beach. The agreed Alcohol

and Substance Abuse Policy is incorporated herein as Exhibit B. The parties agree in addition to the causes for testing set forth in the policy, that all employees will be subject to drug testing at least once every five (5) years. If an employee changes the class of his/her license, he/she will still be subject drug testing once every five (5) years, not five (5) years after the change of the class of license.

ARTICLE 32: EMPLOYEE/EMPLOYER RELATIONS RESOLUTION

The parties have agreed that if, during the term of the MOU, the City requests to discuss the Employee/Employer Relations Resolution, no changes will be made without written agreement of the parties.

ARTICLE 33: DUES DEDUCTION

The City shall allow for one Police Association payroll deduction per member for Association dues. Said deduction shall be declared at the beginning of each fiscal year and shall be the same percentage or dollar amount for all.

ARTICLE 34: GARNISHMENTS

A \$25.00 initial set-up fee and \$7.00 service charge per garnishment per payroll check shall be charged to the employee. Child support garnishments will be subject to the \$25 set up fee and \$1.00 service charge per garnishment per payroll check.

ARTICLE 35: SAVINGS CLAUSE

If any section, subsection, subdivision, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Memorandum of Understanding is for any reason held to be illegal or unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Memorandum of Understanding.

ARTICLE 36: MANAGEMENT'S RIGHTS RESERVED

The scope of representation does not include consideration by the City of changes in the merits, necessity or organization of any service activities provided by law or executive order and accordingly, the following determinations shall not be subject to the meet and confer process:

- (a) Issues of public policy;
- (b) The merits, necessity, or organization of any department, service or activity provided by the City pursuant to law or ordinance;
- (c) Matters which relate to the management of the City or the direction of its work force, including the right to direct employees, to hire, promote, transfer, assign, or retain employees, or suspend, demote, discharge, or take other proper disciplinary action against employees, maintain the efficiency of the operation of the City Government, and take any actions necessary to meet conditions of an emergency nature, subject to the rules and regulations of the City. The City Manager need not meet with the representatives of any recognized employee organization to consider the personal grievance of an individual employee or group of employees until the procedure for the resolution of grievances provided for in this MOU has been completed.

ARTICLE 37: FULL AND COMPLETE UNDERSTANDING

This Memorandum of Understanding represents the full and complete understanding between the parties related to the subject matter set forth herein and all preliminary negotiations of whatever kind or nature are merged herein. The parties hereto have caused this Memorandum of Understanding to be executed this _____ day ______, 2018. REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MANHATTAN REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BEACH POLICE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH BY Michael Rosenberger, President MBPOA BY Lisa Jenkins, Human Resources Director Traci Navarrette, Treasurer MBPOA BY ______Steve Charelian, Finance Director BY ______ Taylor Klosowski, Vice President MBPOA Derrick Abell, Police Chief BY Bruce Moe, City Manager Elizabeth Touregman, Rains Lucia Stern St. Phalle & Silver, PC BY Peter J. Brown, Liebert Cassidy Whitmore

EXHIBIT A

SALARY SCHEDULE

SALARY STEPS FOR POLICE OFFICERS AND POLICE SERGEANTS

Effective first day of the pay period following January 1, 2019

_	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E
Police Officer	7,376	7,746	8,132	8,540	8,966
Police Sergeant			10,737	11,273	11,837

Effective first day of the pay period following January 1, 2020

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E
Police Officer	7,465	7,839	8,230	8,642	9,074
Police Sergeant			10,865	11,409	11,979

Effective first day of the pay period following January 1, 2021

	Step A	Step B	Step C	Step D	Step E
Police Officer	7,614	7,995	8,395	8,815	9,256
Police Sergeant			11,083	11,637	12,219

EXHIBIT B

CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH AND MANHATTAN BEACH POLICE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE POLICY

I. PURPOSE

The City of Manhattan Beach and the Manhattan Beach Police Officers' Association recognize that behavior resulting from the use of alcohol and other drugs detrimentally affects work performance, safety, security, and public confidence in City employees and presents a risk to City employees and the health and welfare of the citizens of the City of Manhattan Beach.

While the City has no intention of intruding into the private lives of its employees, the special nature of the duties entrusted in public safety officers demands that the use of alcohol and other drugs which may affect an employee's ability to perform his or her job be strictly regulated.

Employees who think they may have an alcohol or drug usage problem are urged to seek confidential assistance from the Employee Assistance Program. While the City will be supportive of those who seek help voluntarily, the City will be equally firm in identifying and disciplining those who continue to be substance abusers and do not seek help.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the City of Manhattan Beach that employees shall not be under the influence of alcohol or drugs, nor possess alcohol or drugs while on City property, at work locations, or while on duty or on an "on-call" status; shall not utilize, sell or provide drugs or alcohol to any other employee or to any person while such employee is on duty or on an "on-call" status, nor have their ability to work impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or drugs.

The City reserves the right to search, without employee consent, all areas and property in which the City maintains control or joint control with the employee, except as restricted by the California Public Safety Officers Procedural Bill of Rights Act.

Refusal to submit immediately to an alcohol and/or drug analysis when requested by a sworn supervisor for the causes for testing listed in this policy may constitute insubordination and may be grounds for discipline up to and including termination.

Employees reasonably believed to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall be prevented from engaging in further work and shall be detained until he or she can be reasonably transported from the work site.

The City provides an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) to assist those employees who voluntarily seek help for alcohol or drug problems. The City and the Association encourage and support the rehabilitation of employees with alcohol and drug abuse problems through the constructive use of the EAP. It is understood that EAP counseling sessions are confidential except for compliance with mandatory EAP referral evaluations and program requirements. Records kept under this program shall be available only to those persons who administer the program or monitor, and/or manage employees participating in the EAP program.

III. APPLICATION

This policy applies to all employees in the classification of Police Officer and Police Sergeant. This policy applies to alcohol and to all substances, drugs, medications, legal or illegal, which could impair an employee's ability to effectively and safely perform the functions of the job.

IV. EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

An employee must:

- A. not report to work or be subject to duty while his or her ability to perform job duties is impaired due to on or off duty alcohol or drug use;
- B. not possess or use alcohol or impairing drugs (illegal drugs and prescriptions drugs without a prescription) during working hours or while subject to duty, on breaks, during meal periods or at anytime while on City property, with the exception of substances which have been confiscated by arrest and are in transport to designated holding facilities, or incidents which are performed as part of the job and with the condoning by the Chief of Police;
- C. not directly or through a third party sell or provide drugs or alcohol to any person, including any employee, while either the employee or both employees are on duty or on an "on-call" status;
- D. submit immediately to an alcohol and drug test when requested by a sworn supervisor;
- E. notify his or her supervisor, before beginning work, when taking any medications or drugs, prescription or non-prescription, which may interfere with the safe and effective performance of duties or operation of City equipment; and
- F. provide within 24 hours of request bona fide verification of a current valid prescription for any potentially impairing drug or medication declared by the employee before the drug test and identified when a drug test is positive. The prescription must be in the employee's name.

V. MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBLITIES AND GUIDELINES

- A. Sworn supervisors are responsible for reasonable enforcement of this policy.
- B. Sworn supervisors may request that an employee submit to a drug and/or alcohol test when any of the "Causes for Testing" items listed in this policy occur.
- C. In cases of "reasonable suspicion", any sworn supervisor requesting an employee to submit to a drug and/or alcohol test must document in writing the facts constituting reasonable suspicion that the employee in question is intoxicated or under the influence of drugs and submit said documentation to the Chief of Police prior to the end of the shift.
- D. Any sworn supervisor encountering an employee who refuses an order to submit to a drug and/or alcohol analysis upon request shall remind the employee of the requirements and disciplinary consequences of this policy. Where there is reasonable suspicion that the employee is under the influence of drugs or alcohol, the sworn supervisor shall detain the employee until the employee can be safely transported to the testing facility by a manager or supervisor. The employee will be relieved of

his/her weapon, which will be secured by the department until the employee is authorized to return to work.

- E. Sworn supervisors shall not physically search the person of employees, nor shall they search the personal possession of employees without the freely given consent of, and in the presence of, the employee, or unless a valid search warrant has been obtained, or where he or she has been notified in advance that a search will be conducted.
- F. Sworn supervisors shall notify the Chief of Police or designee when they have reasonable suspicion to believe that an employee may have illegal drugs in his or her possession or in an area not jointly or fully controlled by the City, or those other areas protected by the Public Safety Officers Procedural Bill of Rights Act.

VI. CAUSES FOR TESTING

Employees covered by this policy shall be tested for drugs or alcohol for any of the following reasons:

- 1. Randomly during initial probationary period.
- 2. Prior to promotional appointment.
- 3. Within 30 days prior to renewal date of Driver's License.
- 4. Within 30 days of assignment to investigative detail.
- 5. Within 30 days of assignment to SWAT.
- 6. As soon as possible after reporting a traffic accident involving the employee which results in airbag deployment or bodily injury or death to anyone involved in the accident.
- 7. Whenever there is "reasonable suspicion" of an employee under the influence on work time.

Reasonable suspicion is a belief based on objective facts sufficient to lead a reasonably prudent supervisor to suspect that an employee is under the influence of drugs or alcohol so that the employee's ability to perform the functions of the job is impaired or so that the employee's ability to perform his or her job safely is reduced. For example, any of the following, alone or in combination, may constitute reasonable suspicion:

- a. Slurred or thick speech;
- b. Alcohol odor on breath;
- c. Inability to perform work properly;
- d. Unsteady walking and movement;
- e. Unusual or anti-social behavior so unusual that it warrants summoning a supervisor;
- f. Eyes that stare blankly or appear glassy;
- g. Possession of alcohol or drugs;
- h. Nystagmus (i.e., involuntary eye movement);
- i. Information obtained from a reliable person with personal knowledge whose identity is known.

VII. PHYSICAL EXAMINATION AND PROCEDURE

The physical examination and procedure are detailed in an addendum to this policy. Amendments to the addendum shall not affect any other section in this policy.

Whenever a sworn supervisor deems a drug test necessary for any of the eight reasons listed in cause for testing, the manager or supervisor shall send the employee to the City's medical facility for testing. If the employee is impaired or is for any reason deemed unsafe to transport him or herself to the facility, the manager or supervisor or designee shall transport the employee to the City's medical facility for the test. The employee shall be paid

for time spent at the examination. The City shall bear the expense of the examination, and shall provide transportation to and from the medical facility and the employee's work site.

The medical provider uses a certified National Institute of Drug abuse (NIDA) laboratory. The certification of laboratories performing drug testing for Federal agencies was developed by NIDA to assure strict adherence to the rigorous standards of testing and custody control form. Test results are returned to the Medical Review Officer (MRO).

The initial test is a process called Urine Drug Screen # 37042N. If all results are negative, the test is complete. If a positive test result is noticed, a secondary test using the Gas Chromatography/Mass spectrophotometry (GCMS) method is conducted by the laboratory to verify the results. This test has been used as binding legal and medical precedent. If the subsequent test is negative, then the test is considered negative for all purposes. If the subsequent test confirms a positive finding, it is noted on the report and sent to the MRO. At this point, in cases other than THC and cocaine, the MRO will contact the employee to discuss the possibility that the person has taken medication (prescription or otherwise) that was not indicated on the original form completed by the employee. The employee is not informed of a positive result, he or she is just asked to clarify any drug intake. The final results are then sent by the MRO to the City.

Drugs tested for include, but are not limited to Amphetamines, Barbiturates, Benzodiazepines, Cocaine, Methadone, Methaqualone, Opiates, PCP, THC, Propoxyphene, and Alcohol. Cut off levels shall be consistent with the current guidelines issued by NIDA.

VIII. RESULTS OF DRUG AND/OR ALCOHOL TESTING

During Employment Drug and/or Alcohol Tests

- 1. A positive result from a drug and/or alcohol analysis may result in appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including discharge, pursuant to the City's disciplinary policy.
- 2. If a drug screen is positive, the employee must provide within 24 hours of request, bona fide verification of a valid prescription for the drug declared by the employee before the drug test and identified in the drug screen. The prescription must be in the employee's name. If the employee does not provide acceptable verification of a valid prescription or if the prescription is not in the employee's name, or if the employee has not previously notified his or her supervisor, the employee will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including discharge.
- 3. If an alcohol or drug test is positive for alcohol or drugs, the City shall conduct an investigation to gather all facts. The decision to discipline or discharge will be carried out following an evaluation of the circumstances.

IX. APPEALS

If the employee desires to appeal a positive test result, he or she may request a new testing of a remaining portion of the original urine sample, or split sample, within three (3) business days of notification of the original test result. The split sample test by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrophotometry (GC/MS) shall be conducted at the employee's expense and shall be conducted by any National Institute of Drug Abuse approved laboratory located in California.