# CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004



Prepared by the Finance Department

Bruce Moe, Finance Director

#### CITY OF MANHATTAN BEACH COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Manhattan Beach, City Hall City of Manhattan Beach, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manhattan Beach, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Manhattan Beach's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manhattan Beach as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2004 on our consideration of the City of Manhattan Beach's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 18 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.





To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Manhattan Beach, City Hall City of Manhattan Beach, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedules listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Manhattan Beach. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The scope of our audit did not include the supplemental statistical schedules listed in the table of contents, and we do not express an opinion on them.

November 12, 2004

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

	F	Primary Governme	nt
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current:	•	<b>*</b>	<b>A -</b> 4 <b>-</b> 20 <b>20 -</b>
Cash and investments	\$ 56,228,464	\$ 15,335,363	\$ 71,563,827
Receivables:	.==	050.045	4 400 054
Accounts	277,606	850,645	1,128,251
Taxes	1,844,008	-	1,844,008
Accrued interest	374,921	-	374,921
Due from other governments	272,382	-	272,382
Prepaid costs	35,227	-	35,227
Inventories	92,369	48,230	140,599
Total Current Assets	59,124,977	16,234,238	75,359,215
Noncurrent:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments	1 701 625	2 022 020	E 644 E6E
	1,721,635	3,922,930	5,644,565
Unamortized debt issuance costs Note receivable	- 744,177	388,190	388,190 744,177
Capital assets not being depreciated	•	1,757,434	
	33,634,566		35,392,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation	42,021,045	32,801,004	74,822,049
Total Noncurrent Assets	78,121,423	38,869,558	116,990,981
Total Assets	137,246,400	55,103,796	192,350,196
Liabilities:			
Current:			
Accounts payable	2,414,310	1,441,921	3,856,231
Accrued liabilities	1,397,901		1,397,901
Accrued leave payable	138,843	5,004	143,847
Unearned revenue	680,787	-	680,787
Deposits payable	434,027	119,991	554,018
Interest payable		376,632	376,632
Worker compensation claims	1,961,722	370,002	1,961,722
General liability claims	139,918	_	139,918
Long-term liabilities due within one year	247,495	345,000	592,495
Long-term habilities due within one year	247,435	3+3,000	
Total Current Liabilities	7,415,003	2,288,548	9,703,551
Noncurrent:			
Long-term liabilites due in more than one year	12,538,056	17,162,640	29,700,696
Total Liabilities	19,953,059	19,451,188	39,404,247
Not Accate:			
Net Assets:	66 420 444	47 402 427	00 544 554
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	66,438,114	17,103,437	83,541,551
Restricted for:		000 400	000 400
Business improvements districts	4 704 00-	396,198	396,198
Debt service	1,721,635	3,922,930	5,644,565
Unrestricted	49,133,592	14,230,043	63,363,635
Total Net Assets	\$ 117,293,341	\$ 35,652,608	\$ 152,945,949

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

			Program Revenue	es
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants
Functions/Programs				
Governmental Activities:				
General government	\$ 6,843,576	\$ 5,218,843	\$ 192,667	\$ -
Public safety	19,786,367	2,959,681	134,578	-
Public works	6,596,160	1,142,592	1,284,604	2,449,473
Culture and recreation	4,300,710	1,726,610	498,381	, . •
Interest on long-term debt	137,993			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 37,664,806	\$ 11,047,726	\$ 2,110,230	\$ 2,449,473
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	6,109,964	6,847,731	-	-
Storm water	244,160	377,119	-	198,959
Wastewater	993,326	1,008,980	-	· -
Refuse	3,147,820	3,224,821	11,230	-
Parking	1,442,174	1,672,173		-
Total Business-Type Activities	11,937,444	13,130,824	11,230	198,959
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 49,602,250	\$ 24,178,550	\$ 2,121,460	\$ 2,648,432

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

**Business licenses taxes** 

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu

Use of money and property

Other

**Transfers** 

#### **Total General Revenues and Transfers**

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets at Beginning of Year

**Restatement of Net Assets** 

**Net Assets at End of Year** 

#### Exhibit B

#### Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government

Primary Government			
Business-Type Activities	Total		
\$ -	\$ (1,432,066)		
· ·	(16,692,108)		
-	(1,719,491)		
-	(2,075,719)		
	(137,993)		
	(22,057,377)		
737,767	737,767		
331,918	331,918		
15,654	15,654		
	88,231		
229,999	229,999		
1,403,569	1,403,569		
1,403,569	(20,653,808)		
-	11,223,986		
-	2,183,162		
-	7,262,693		
-	929,251		
-	2,134,588		
-	1,009,327		
-	1,634,713		
302,082	2,615,749		
(==)	265,007		
(75,000)	<u>-</u>		
227,082	29,258,476		
1,630,651	8,604,668		
33,888,111	144,207,435		
133,846	133,846		
\$ 35,652,608	\$ 152,945,949		
	### Residence		

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

		Ca	pital Projects Fu	nds
			Safety and	Underground
		Capital	Civic Center	Assessment
	General	Improvement	Construction	District
Assets:	0.04.400.040	<b>A A 100 507</b>	<b>A</b> 40 400 000	•
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 21,122,342	\$ 9,180,995	\$ 13,183,096	\$ -
Receivables: Accounts	266 726			
Taxes	266,736 1,844,008	-	-	-
Accrued interest	374,921	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Prepaid costs	22,727	_	12,500	_
Due from other governments	102,392	93,059	12,000	_
Restricted assets:	102,002	30,003		
Cash and investments	86,561			1,635,074
Total Assets	\$ 23,819,687	\$ 9,274,054	\$ 13,195,596	\$ 1,635,074
		,,,	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 707,068	\$ 54,466	\$ 1,201,763	\$ 19,090
Accrued liabilities	1,327,436	33,073	37,392	-
Accrued leave payable	138,843	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	680,787	-	-	-
Deposits payable	298,019			136,008
Total Liabilities	3,152,153	87,539	1,239,155	155,098
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances	350,515	-	165,882	-
Continuing projects	-	999,749	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	1,479,976
Prepaid costs	22,727	-	12,500	-
Debt service	62,496	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:				
General fund	20,231,796	-	-	-
Special revenue funds	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Capital project funds	<del></del>	8,186,766	11,778,059	
Total Fund Balances	20,667,534	9,186,515	11,956,441	1,479,976
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$ 23,819,687	\$ 9,274,054	\$ 13,195,596	\$ 1,635,074

#### **Exhibit C**

Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	6,273,552	\$ 49,759,985
	8,326 - - - 76,931	275,062 1,844,008 374,921 35,227 272,382
	_	1,721,635
\$	6,358,809	\$ 54,283,220
\$	351,333 - - - -	\$ 2,333,720 1,397,901 138,843 680,787 434,027
	351,333	4,985,278
	89,813 2,894,839 - -	606,210 3,894,588 1,479,976 35,227 62,496
	3,022,824	20,231,796 3,022,824 19,964,825
	6,007,476	49,297,942
\$	6,358,809	\$ 54,283,220



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**Exhibit D** 

\$ 117,293,341

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2004

E with the control of a common and all founds	Ф.	40 007 040
Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	49,297,942
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.		73,700,023
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(10,820,362)
Long-term notes receivables are not current available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		744,177
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, fleet management, building maintenance and operation, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal		
service funds must be added to the statement of net assets.		4,371,561

Net assets of governmental activities

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		Ca	pital Projects Fur	nds
	General	Capital Improvement	Safety and Civic Center Construction	Underground Assessment District
Revenues:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 24,285,616	\$ 324,244	\$ -	\$ 1,492,722
Licenses and permits	1,592,806	50,876	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,850,933	114,081	-	-
Charges for services	5,898,946	550,026	-	-
Use of money and property	2,346,253	-	-	6,344
Fines and forfeitures	2,170,037	124,498	-	-
Miscellaneous	347,635			
Total Revenues	38,492,226	1,163,725		1,499,066
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	6,636,125	90,778	-	-
Public safety	19,670,728	2,124	5,543,559	-
Culture and recreation	3,899,887	229,057	-	-
Public works	4,687,870	457,301		19,090
Total Expenditures	34,894,610	779,260	5,543,559	19,090
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,597,616	384,465	(5,543,559)	1,479,976
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	75,000	1,344,651	17,500,000	-
Transfers out	(975,000)	(17,500,000)		
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	(900,000)	(16,155,349)	17,500,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,697,616	(15,770,884)	11,956,441	1,479,976
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	17,969,918	24,957,399		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 20,667,534	\$ 9,186,515	\$ 11,956,441	\$ 1,479,976

#### Exhibit E

	Other	Total	
Go	vernmental	Governmental	
	Funds	Funds	
\$	1,279,129	\$ 27,381,711	
	-	1,643,682	
	1,674,222	3,639,236	
	5,342	6,454,314	
	70,249	2,422,846	
	-	2,294,535	
	88,625	436,260	
	3,117,567	44,272,584	
		0.700.000	
	40.070	6,726,903	
	49,076	25,265,487	
	356,418	4,485,362	
	2,019,473	7,183,734	
	2 424 067	43,661,486	
	2,424,967	43,001,400	
	692,600	611,098	
	002,000	011,000	
	_	18,919,651	
	(369,651)	(18,844,651)	
	(369,651)	75,000	
	222 040	606 000	
	322,949	686,098	
	5,684,527	48,611,844	
_	C 007 470	£ 40.207.042	
<u>\$</u>	6,007,476	\$ 49,297,942	

Exhibit F

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 686,098

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:

Cost of assets capitalized	7,985,698
Depreciation expense	(1,483,266)

Revenue from principal payment received from notes receivable are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds. However, principal payments from notes receivable are eliminated from the statement of activities. This amount represents the change in the note receivables for this fiscal year.

(32,585)

The statement of activities reports a gain or loss on the sale of the asset based on the proceeds received and the net book value at the time of the sale. The loss on disposal of the asset is calculated as follows:

Cost of assets disposed	(687,839)
Accumulated depreciation of the assets disposed	434,580

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.

295,566

Compensated absences and supplemental leave expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(31,295)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(192,940)

#### Change in net assets of governmental activities

6,974,017

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 22,419,025	\$ 22,419,025	\$ 24,285,616	\$ 1,866,591
Licenses and permits	1,313,045	1,313,045	1,592,806	279,761
Intergovernmental	2,133,850	2,133,850	1,850,933	(282,917)
Charges for services	5,056,000	5,140,000	5,898,946	758,946
Use of money and property	2,687,575	2,687,575	2,346,253	(341,322)
Fines and forfeitures	1,979,250	1,979,250	2,170,037	190,787
Miscellaneous	406,200	409,833	347,635	(62,198)
Total Resources	35,994,945	36,082,578	38,492,226	2,409,648
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	6,763,372	7,250,282	6,636,125	614,157
Public safety	20,071,515	20,219,431	19,670,728	548,703
Culture and recreation	3,928,212	3,967,407	3,899,887	67,520
Public works	4,596,620	4,607,823	4,687,870	(80,047)
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	35,359,719	36,044,943	34,894,610	1,150,333
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers in	-	75,000	75,000	_
Transfers out	-	(975,000)	(975,000)	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	-	(900,000)	(900,000)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	635,226	(862,365)	2,697,616	3,559,981
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	17,969,918	17,969,918	17,969,918	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 18,605,144	\$ 17,107,553	\$ 20,667,534	\$ 3,559,981

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

Acceptan	Water	Storm Water	Wastewater
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,888,621	\$ 1,065,964	\$ 1,302,541
Accounts	465,114	34,912	64,240
Due from other governments Inventories	48,230		
Total Assets	9,401,965	1,100,876	1,366,781
Restricted assets: Cash and investments	227,096	_	111,494
Total Restricted Assets	227,096	-	111,494
Noncurrent: Unamortized debt issuance costs Fixed assets - net of accumulated depreciation	83,935	- 2 077 572	41,291
·	10,639,831	3,877,573	4,979,549
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,723,766	3,877,573	5,020,840
Total Assets	\$ 20,352,827	\$ 4,978,449	\$ 6,499,115
Liabilities and Net Assets: Liabilities: Current: Accounts payable	\$ 797,531	\$ 42,354	\$ 11,793
Accrued leave payable	5,004	ψ 42,334 -	ψ 11,795 -
Interest payable Workers' compensation claims	52,072	-	25,624
General liability claims	- -	-	-
Deposits payable	3,470	114,598	
Current portion of bonds payable	60,330		29,670
Total Current Liabilities	918,407	156,952	67,087
Noncurrent:	0.004.040		
Bonds, notes and loans payable Accrued leave long-term	2,691,040 52,640	-	1,323,960
Workers' compensation claims	-	-	-
Liability claims			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,743,680	-	1,323,960
Total Liabilities	3,662,087	156,952	1,391,047
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for business improvement district	7,888,461 227,096 -	3,877,573 - -	3,625,919 111,494 -
Unrestricted	8,575,183	943,924	1,370,655
Total Net Assets	16,690,740	4,821,497	5,108,068
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 20,352,827	\$ 4,978,449	\$ 6,499,115

Refuse		Parking		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Se	Internal ervice Fund
\$	675,733	\$ 1,824,184	\$	1,578,320	\$ 15,335,363	\$	6,468,479
	286,214	165		-	850,645		-
					48,230		2,544 92,369
	961,947	1,824,349	_	1,578,320	16,234,238		6,563,392
	_	3,584,340		_	3,922,930		_
	-	3,584,340			3,922,930		
	_	262,964		_	388,190		-
	_	15,061,485	_	<u>-</u>	34,558,438	_	1,955,587
		15,324,449		-	34,946,628		1,955,587
<u>\$</u>	961,947	\$ 20,733,138	<u>\$</u>	1,578,320	\$ 55,103,796	<u>\$</u>	8,518,979
\$	255,013	\$ 179,784 - 298,936	\$	155,446	\$ 1,441,921 5,004 376,632	\$	80,590
	-	290,930		-	-		1,961,722
	- 155 -	1,220 255,000		548 -	- 119,991 345,000		139,918 - -
	255,168	734,940		155,994	2,288,548		2,182,230
	- - - -	13,095,000 - - -		- - - -	17,110,000 52,640 - -		- 1,856,532 108,656
		13,095,000			17,162,640		1,965,188
	255,168	13,829,940		155,994	19,451,188		4,147,418
	- - - 706,779	1,711,485 3,584,340 396,198 1,211,175		- - - 1,422,326	17,103,438 3,922,930 396,198 14,230,042		1,955,587 - - 2,415,974
	706,779	6,903,198		1,422,326	35,652,608		4,371,561
\$	961,947	\$ 20,733,138	\$	1,578,320	\$ 55,103,796	\$	8,518,979

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Water	Storm Water	Wastewater		
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 6,847,731	\$ 377,119 	\$ 1,008,980 		
Total Operating Revenues	6,847,731	377,119	1,008,980		
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	506,772	10,907	109,325		
Employee benefits	165,807	41,316	20,178		
Contract and professional services	3,348,580	14,134	28,871		
Materials and services	519,270	6,737	96,815		
Utilities	171,550	40.040	19,081		
Administrative service charges	969,600	48,348	498,924		
Leases and rents Depreciation	263,694	122,718	139,105		
Total Operating Expenses	5,945,273	244,160	912,299		
Operating Income (Loss)	902,458	132,959	96,681		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Intergovernmental	-	198,959	-		
Interest revenue	101,363	11,872	13,888		
Interest expense	(164,691)		(81,027)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(63,328)	210,831	(67,139)		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	839,130	343,790	29,542		
Transfers out		-			
Changes in Net Assets	839,130	343,790	29,542		
Net Assets:					
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as originally reported	15,717,764	4,477,707	5,078,526		
Restatements	133,846				
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	15,851,610	4,477,707	5,078,526		
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 16,690,740	\$ 4,821,497	\$ 5,108,068		

Changes in net assets, enterprise funds

Changes in net assets of business-type activities

Refuse	Parking	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$ 3,224,821 	\$ 922,325 	\$ 749,848 	\$ 13,130,824 	\$ 5,174,901 214,580
3,224,821	922,325	749,848	13,130,824	5,389,481
2,829,958 33,750 468	39,815 3,691 45,367 112,057 45,275	18,462 2,141 110,704 34,247 30,801	685,281 233,133 6,377,614 802,876 267,175	824,748 212,080 358,439 3,555,400 130,273
283,644 - -	77,992 - 47,917	27,684 233,727 	1,906,192 233,727 573,434	111,114 - 390,367
3,147,820	372,114	457,766	11,079,432	5,582,421
77,001	550,211	292,082	2,051,392	(192,940)
11,230 7,398 	157,360 (612,294)	10,201 	210,189 302,082 (858,012)	- -
18,628	(454,934)	10,201	(345,741)	
95,629	95,277	302,283	1,705,651	-
_	-	(75,000)	(75,000)	
95,629	95,277	227,283	1,630,651	(192,940)
611,150	6,807,921	1,195,043	33,888,111	4,564,501
-	_	_	133,846	_
611,150	6,807,921	1,195,043	34,021,957	4,564,501
\$ 706,779	\$ 6,903,198	\$ 1,422,326	\$ 35,652,608	\$ 4,371,561
			\$ 1,630,651	
			\$ 1,630,651	

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

#### Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Water	Storm Water	Wastewater
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash received from interfund service provided	\$ 6,778,789	\$ 538,905	\$ 998,345
Cash paid to supplies for good and services	(3,778,450)	(53,685)	(134,833)
Cash paid to employees for services	(598,605)	(59,255)	(129,478)
Cash paid for interfund services used	(1,255,189)	(41,571)	(512,645)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,146,545	384,394	221,389
	1,110,010		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Cash transfer to other funds			-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	-	-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Purchases of capital assets	(917,174)	(362,947)	(137,909)
Principal paid on capital debt	(56,971)	-	(28,029)
Interest paid on capital debt	(160,358)	_	(78,896)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital	(4.404.500)	(222.247)	(0.4.4.00.4)
and Related Financing Activities	(1,134,503)	(362,947)	(244,834)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest received	101,363	11,872	13,885
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Investing Activities	101,363	11,872	13,885
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	113,405	33,319	(9,560)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	9,002,312	1,032,645	1,423,595
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 9,115,717	\$ 1,065,964	\$ 1,414,035

		ype Activities ise Funds		Governmental
		Other	-	Activities -
		Enterprise		Internal
Refuse	Parking	<u>Funds</u>	Total	Service Funds
\$ 3,226,366	\$ 1,565,313	\$ 1,149,848	\$ 14,257,566	\$ 181,697 5,393,742
(2,858,341)	(269,664)	(388,532)	(7,483,505)	(3,969,772)
(2,000,041)	(43,506)	•	(851,447)	(956,728)
(297,622)	(672,841)	, ,	(2,805,524)	(455,885)
70,403	579,302	715,057	3,117,090	193,054
		(75,000)	(75,000)	-
	_	(75,000)	(75,000)	
	(0.407.050)		(0.045.000)	(000,000)
-	(8,427,253)	-	(9,845,283)	(328,928)
	(543,619)	-	(85,000) (782,873)	-
_	(8,970,872)	-	(10,713,156)	(328,928)
	(2,22,2,2)		(15)115)150	(0=0,0=0)
7,397	157,360	10,201	302,078	
7,397	157,360	10,201	302,078	
77,800	(8,234,210)	650,258	(7,368,988)	(135,874)
597,933	13,642,734	928,062	26,627,281	6,604,353
\$ 675,733	\$ 5,408,524	\$ 1,578,320	\$ 19,258,293	\$ 6,468,479

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

#### Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds

	Water	Sto	orm Water	Wa	astewater
Reconciliation of Operating Income to net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 902,458	\$	132,959	\$	96,681
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income (loss) to net cash provided					
by operating activities:					
Depreciation	263,694		122,718		139,105
Miscellaneous revenue	-		235,920		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(89,245)		211		(10,635)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	11,384		-		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	54,327		(52,012)		(3,762)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	976		-		-
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	2,951		(55,402)		-
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	 				-
Total Adjustments	 244,087		251,435		124,708
Net Cash Provided (Used) by					
Operating Activities	\$ 1,146,545	\$	384,394	\$	221,389

<b>Business-Type Activities</b>
Enterprise Funds
Other
Enterprise

	Enterprise Funds								vernmental
	Refuse		Parking	E	Other Interprise Funds		Total		ctivities - Internal vice Funds
\$	77,001	\$	550,211	\$	292,082	\$	2,051,392	\$	(192,940)
	-		47,917		_		573,434		390,367
	11,231		, -		-		247,151		, -
	(9,686)		90,840		400,000		381,485		22,818
	· -		-		-		11,384		(2,544)
	-		-		-		-		(4,061)
	(8,143)		(110,506)		22,975		(97,121)		(52,920)
	-		-		-		976		(1,120)
	-		840		-		(51,611)		(954)
	-		-		-	-			34,408
	(6,598)		29,091		422,975		1,065,698		385,994
_\$_	70,403	\$	579,302	_\$_	715,057	\$	3,117,090	\$	193,054

#### Exhibit K

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

Assets: Cash and investments		Pension Trust Fund  \$ 904,620		Special Deposits gency Fund
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	904,620	\$	1,754,966
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	5,261
401(a) plan deposits		-		849,907
Utility development deposits		-		619,874
Art development fees		-		207,429
Other deposits		-		62,495
Due to other agencies		-		10,000
Total Liabilities			\$	1,754,966
Net Assets:				
Held in trust for pension benefits				

904,620

and other purposes

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	Pension Trust Fund	
Additions: City contributions	\$ 10,000	
Investment earnings: Interest	 39,700	
Total Additions	 49,700	
Deductions: Benefits	 81,697	
Total Deductions	 81,697	
Changes in net assets	(31,997)	
Net Assets - Beginning of the Year	 936,617	
Net Assets - End of the Year	\$ 904,620	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2004

#### Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Manhattan Beach, California (the City) was incorporated on December 12, 1912, under the laws of the State of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges applicable to a general law city. It is governed by an elected five-member council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Manhattan Beach (the primary government) and its component unit, the Manhattan Beach Capital Improvements Corporation. The component unit is included in the reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City of Manhattan Beach. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Manhattan Beach Capital Improvements Corporation.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

Manhattan Beach Capital Improvements Corporation - The Manhattan Beach Capital Improvements Corporation (the Corporation) is a nonprofit public benefits corporation, organized under the laws of the State of California in September 1996, pursuant to the Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Laws (Title I, Division 2, Part 2, Section 5110). The sole purpose of the Corporation is to issue debt for capital improvements. In September of 1996, this entity issued \$4,615,000 of debt in the form of Certificates of Participation to fund specific projects related to the City's water and wastewater infrastructure. This debt is accounted for in the Proprietary Fund Types within the Water and Wastewater Funds. In April of 2002, this entity also issued \$9,535,000 of debt to pay the cost of refinancing existing ground lease commitments with the Beach Cities Health District for the newly constructed Marine Avenue Sports Fields. This debt was structured as a variable rate demand Certificate of Participation. In January 2003, this entity issued \$13,350,000 of fixed rate Certificate of Participation for the construction of a two-level downtown subterranean parking structure and outdoor plaza. This endeavor is commonly known as the Metlox Public Improvement project. The parking lot portion of the project was completed in January 2004, with the public plaza scheduled for completion contemporaneously with the commercial development in summer 2005. Most recently, in November 2004, this entity issued fixed rate Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$12,980,000 to contribute toward the full funding of the construction a new Police and Fire facility and adjoining City Hall plaza. This major project is currently underway with a completion date targeted for the end of the 2005 calendar year.

#### b. Accounting and Reporting Policies

The City applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements up to November 30, 1989, at which point all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements are followed. All FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, are followed, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

This is the first year the City of Manhattan Beach has adopted the following new financial reporting requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board:

Statement No. 40 - Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3:

GASB Statement No. 40 establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to deposits held with financial institutions, investments (including repurchase agreements) and reverse repurchase agreements and addresses additional risks to which governments are exposed. The new accounting guidance requires that state and local governments communicate key information about deposit and investment risks, frequently one of the largest assets on a government's balance sheet, and to do so in an easily understandable manner.

#### c. Description of Funds

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds each of which is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein. These funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

In accordance with the City's municipal code and budget, several different types of funds are used to record the City's financial transactions. For financial reporting purposes such funds have been categorized and are presented as follows:

#### Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Enterprise or Internal Service Funds. This year two new Capital Improvement Construction funds were placed into this group. These include the Police and Fire Facility Construction Fund and the Underground Assessment District Construction Fund.

#### **Proprietary Fund Types**

Enterprise Funds - to account for operations where it is the stated intent that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where determination of net income is deemed appropriate.

Internal Service Funds - to account for interdepartmental operations where it is the stated intent that costs of providing services to the departments of the City on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily by charges to the user departments.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and Agency Funds - to account for assets held by the City as trustee or agent or individuals, private organizations or other governmental units and/or other funds. These include Pension Trust Funds, Agency Funds and Special Assessment Funds.

#### d. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Funds

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the City. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources." measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and infrastructure as well as long-term debt, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which the benefit is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The types of program revenues for the City are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Charges for services include revenues from customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function. Grant and contributions include revenues restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund. They simply distinguish between governmental and business activities. The City's statement of net assets includes both current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. In prior years, the noncurrent assets and liabilities were recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and the General Long-Term Debt Account Group which are no longer reported.

#### **Financial Statement Classification**

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are classified in the following categories:

#### Invested in Capital Assets, Net to Related Debt

This category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets reduces this category.

#### **Restricted Net Assets**

This category presents restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributions or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### **Unrestricted Net Assets**

Represent the net assets of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net assets as presented in these statements to the net asset presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the qualifications of GASB Statement No. 34.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included in the governmental fund balance sheet. Related operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds as basis for recognizing revenues. Under the modified basis of accounting, revenues are susceptible to accrual and consequently recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be readily determined and "available" means that the transaction amount is collectible within the current period or soon thereafter (generally 60-days after year-end) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual include property and sales taxes collected after year-end, earned and uncollected investment interest income, uncollected rents and leases and unbilled service receivables. Revenues from such items as license and permit fees, fines and forfeitures and general service changes are not susceptible to accrual because they are generally not measurable until received in cash.

The government reports unearned revenue on its balance sheet. Grant monies received before the City has a legal claim to them, such as grant funds received prior to incurring qualified expenses, are recorded as deferred revenue liabilities. In subsequent periods, the deferred revenue is removed once revenue recognition criteria is met and the City has established legal claim to the resources.

Governmental fund expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when they are due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

In the fund financial statements, reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are either not available or have been earmarked for specific purposes. The various reserves and designations are established by actions of the City Council and Management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, and Statement of Cash Flows. All Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (current and long-term) resulting from the operations of these funds are included in the Statement of Net Assets. Accordingly, proprietary fund Statement of Net Assets present assets and liabilities classified into their respective current and long-term categories.

The City's internal service funds are presented in the Proprietary Funds Financial Statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources and accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable, expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled service receivables are recorded as accounts receivable and as revenue when earned.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Changes in Net Assets. The fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net assets and changes in net assets and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Since these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

#### Major Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund accounts for the resources traditionally associated with general government, which are required for in a separate fund.

The Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources segregated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by Enterprise or Internal Service Funds.

The Safety and Civic Center Construction Capital Project Fund accounts for the resources for the construction of the new police and fire facility.

The Underground Assessment District Capital Project Fund accounts for the resources to construct an underground utility in the future.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's water utility system. Revenues are generated from user fees, which are adjusted periodically to meet the costs of administration, operation, maintenance and capital improvements to the system. In fiscal year 1997, the City completed a comprehensive utility fee study and issued certificates of participation for the purpose of upgrading the City's water and wastewater systems.

Storm Water Fund is used to account for the maintenance of, and improvements to, the City's storm drains. Revenues are derived from a storm drain assessment to property owners, which is based on size and use of the parcel, and collected through the property tax roles.

Wastewater Fund is used to account for the maintenance of, and improvements to, the City's sewer system. Revenues are derived from a user charge placed on the water bills. In fiscal year 1997, the City completed a comprehensive utility fee study and issued certificates of participation for the purpose of upgrading the City's water and wastewater system.

Refuse Fund is used to account for the provision of refuse collection and recycling services in the City. The City bills both residential and commercial properties. Rates were not increased during this fiscal year.

Parking Fund is used to account for the general operations and maintenance of City parking lots and spaces. Revenues are generated from the use of these properties.

#### e. Property Tax Calculator

Property tax revenue is recognized on the basis of GASB Code Section P70, that is, in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 AM on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes are levied on both real and personal property, as it exists on that date. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, by December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on March 1 each year and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

#### f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, machinery and equipment, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure (roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets, walk-streets and sidewalks, parks and recreation improvements), are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated life of more than two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: Capital infrastructure assets, including buildings, improvements and infrastructure, \$100,000. General capital assets, including machinery and equipment, \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and capitalized as acquired and/or constructed.

In 1995-1996, the City obtained an independent appraisal of all City owned land parcels and enterprise capital assets infrastructure related to its Water, Wastewater and Parking funds. The appraisal was done to assure compliance with accounting standards and involved the estimation of historical costs for a variety of enterprise facilities.

In 2002-2003, the City contracted with an independent firm to obtain a valuation of its capital assets. This was done to specifically comply with the reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. For purposes of this study, capital assets were defined to include land, buildings and improvements, City owned utilities, streets and roadways, and parks and recreation facilities and improvements. This significant valuation project entailed many steps covering several months of work. Key steps to the project included: obtaining an inventory of all material City owned assets, establishing acquisition dates, deriving historical costs, developing and recommending useful lives, and constructing a basis for depreciation in arriving at a June 30, 2004, net book value. The completion of this valuation, along with the other reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, presented a material change in accounting principle and the value of capital assets reported in the prior fiscal year.

Capital assets are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided for on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Asset	<u>Years</u>	
Buildings/Improvements	40 - 50	
Equipment	20 - 40	
Vehicles	3 - 20	
Water and Sewer Systems	30 - 50	
Other Infrastructure	15 - 100	

Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value when received.

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

#### g. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are used as a management control device.

#### h. Other Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for funds in its 401(a) plan and outstanding water, wastewater, and Marine Avenue Sports Field, Metlox bonded debt, which are held by outside trustees. City employees individually direct their investments in the 401(a) plan.

Investments - Investments are shown at fair value, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices.

Inventories - Inventories of materials and supplies are carried at cost on a weighted-average basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories.

#### i. Interfund Transfers

As a general rule, interfund transactions have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payments in-lieu or charges for current service between the City's enterprise activity and the City's General Fund. Elimination of these transactions would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the various functions. Certain eliminations have been made regarding interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

#### j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund-type statements of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt for all issues using the bonds outstanding method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond discounts and premiums are recognized as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs are recorded as a current year expenditure.

Claims and Judgments - The City has recorded all judgment and claim liabilities resulting from workers' compensation and liability insurance claims in the Insurance Reserve Fund, which is a component of the Internal Service Funds Group.

The recorded liability is based upon an estimate of reported claims as provided by an analysis of a third party administrator. Reported short-term and long-term estimated losses and reserves of \$2,101,640 and \$1,965,188, respectively, are recorded in the Insurance Reserve Fund.

Only the short-term liability is reflected as a current liability in all applicable governmental fund types; the remainder of the liability is reported long-term debt in the statement of net assets.

#### k. Vacation and Sick Leave

The City's policy is to record the cost of vested vacation and sick leave as it is earned. Vacation is payable to employees at the time a vacation is taken or upon termination of employment. Employees do not receive payment for unused sick leave upon termination except for sworn fire safety personnel who may convert 75% of the value of their unused sick time to service credit upon a service retirement.

Miscellaneous and sworn police employees may accrue compensated time off in-lieu of payment for overtime hours. Overtime hours are banked at either time-and-a-half or straight-time hours depending upon the nature of the overtime worked. The dollar value of these hours is included as an employee benefits liability as shown in the balance sheet.

#### I. Supplemental Leave Allowance

In December 1994, an emergency leave bank was established for active management/confidential employees. At June 30, 2004, the total accrued liability for this benefit amounted to \$43,923, based on accumulated hours for months in service during the time period from January 1, 1990 to December 4, 1994, as specified in the parameters of the plan. Upon termination, the employee will be paid for any unused leave and as such the total amount of the liability is accrued as a long-term item (see Note 6). This balance decreased from prior year levels reflecting cash payouts to benefiting employees to be used in funding a newly established and optional employee funded retirement health plan.

#### m. Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

The City pools all nonrestricted cash for investment purchases and allocates interest income based on month-end cash balances. Funds that have restricted cash record interest income in the respective fund.

#### n. Cash Flow Statements

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Proprietary Fund types consider all cash and investments to be cash equivalents, as these funds participate in the City-wide cash and investment pool.

#### o. Estimates

The accompanying financial statements require management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain report amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### p. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2004, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 57,950,099
Business-type activities	19,258,293
Fiduciary funds	 2,659,586
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 79,867,978

The City of Manhattan Beach maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy, which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, for the year ended June 30, 2004. This statement establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to investment and deposit risks; accordingly, the note disclosure on cash and investments has been revised to conform to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 40.

#### **Deposits**

At June 30, 2004, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,885,339, and the bank balance was \$1,904,338. The \$18,999 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

#### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in medium-term notes (MTN's) to those rated in the top three rating categories by two of the three largest nationally recognized rating services at time of purchase. As of June 30, 2004, the City's investment in medium-term notes consisted of investments with AIG SunAmerica, Wells Fargo & Co., and United Services Auto Association. At June 30, 2004, all MTN's were rated "A" or higher by Moody's. All securities were investment grade and were legal under state and City law. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2004, the City's investments in external investment pools and money market mutual funds are unrated.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2004, none of the City's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions for certain types of investments with any one issuer. With respect to concentration risk, as of June 30, 2004, the City has not invested more than 50% of its total investments in any one issuer. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investment policy states that no investment can mature more than five years from the date of purchase in line with state code requirements. The only exception to these maturity limits shall be the investment of the gross proceeds of tax-exempt bonds. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2004, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

	Investment Mat			
	Less		Book	Fair
	Than 1	1 - 5	Value	Value
Pooled Investments:				
Fund	\$ 39,935,367	\$ -	\$40,000,000	\$ 39,935,367
Liquid money market mutual funds	15,932,505	-	15,932,505	15,932,505
US Treasury and agency notes	-	14,526,345	14,526,345	14,543,520
Medium-term notes	3,665,360		3,665,360	3,561,755
	\$ 59,533,232	\$ 14,526,345	\$74,124,210	\$ 73,973,147
Investment with Final Aments				
Investment with Fiscal Agents:			\$ 3.584.340	\$ 3.584.340
Metlox certificates of participation			\$ 3,584,340 86,561	+ 0,00.,0.0
Marine certificates of participation			•	86,561
Water/wastewater revenue bonds			338,591	338,591
			\$ 4,009,492	\$ 4,009,492
Other Funds and Deposits:				
401(a) employee plan			\$ 849,907	\$ 849,907
Demand deposits			961,552	961,552
Other deposits			72,119	72,119
Petty cash			1,761	1,761
			\$ 1,885,339	\$ 1,885,339
Grand Total			\$80,019,041	\$ 79,867,978

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### c. Authorized Investments

Under provisions of the City's Investment Policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of investments:

- Securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies
- Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan associations
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- Bankers Acceptances
- Commercial Paper
- Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool) Demand Deposits
- Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits
- · Federally Insured Thrift and Loan
- Los Angeles County Pool
- Repurchase Agreements
- Medium-Term Corporate Notes
- Insured Municipal Bonds
- Floaters or step-ups with market driven interest rate adjustments
- Mutual Funds of highest ratings

Throughout the year, the City utilized overnight repurchase agreements for temporary investment of idle cash. Such agreements were used periodically and generally did not exceed 5% of the City's investment portfolio.

Although the City's investment policy allows reverse-repurchase agreements with specific City Council approval, the City did not borrow through the use of reverse-repurchase agreements at any time during the year.

#### d. Investment in State and County Treasury's Investment Pool and 401(a) Plan

Investment in state and County Treasury's Investment Pool and 401(a) plan cannot be assigned a credit risk category because the City does not own specific securities. However, the funds' investment policies and practices with regard to the credit and market risks have been determined acceptable to the City's investment policies.

#### e. Cash and Investments - 401 (a) Plan

The City contributes to a 401(a) plan to its management confidential employees into which these employees can make voluntary contributions. The fair value of the plan assets at June 30, 2004 was \$849,907.

#### f. Fair Value of Investments

Accounting pronouncement GASB Statement No. 31 generally applies to investments in external investment pools, investments purchased with maturities greater than one year, mutual funds and certain investment agreements. Generally, governmental entities need to report the "fair value" changes for these investments at year-end and records these gains or losses on their income statement.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value - The City maintains investment accounting records and adjusts those records to "fair value" on an annual basis for material amounts. The City's investment custodian provides market values on each investment instrument on a monthly basis for material amounts. The investments held by the City are widely traded in the financial markets and trading values are readily available from numerous published sources. Material unrealized gains and losses are recorded on an annual basis and the carrying value of its investments is considered fair value. For the year ended June 30, 2004, \$151,063 of unrealized loss was recorded in the investment portfolio.

California State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) - The City holds an investment in LAIF that is subject to being adjusted to "fair value." The City is required to disclose its methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of its holdings in LAIF. The City relied upon information provided by the State Treasurer in estimating the City's fair value position of its holdings in LAIF. The City had a contractual withdrawal value of \$40,000,000 whose pro-rata share of fair value was estimated by the State Treasurer to be \$39,935,367.

The State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund is a governmental investment pool managed and directed by the California State Treasurer and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. An oversight committee, comprised of California State officials and various participants, provides oversight to the management of the fund. The daily operations and responsibilities of LAIF fall under the auspices of the State Treasurer's office. The City is a voluntary participant in the investment pool.

#### Note 3: Interfund Transactions

#### Interfund Transfers

With City Council approval, resources may be transferred from one fund to another. Transfers between individual funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 are presented below:

	Transfers To:									
			Capital		Safety and					
	(	General	lm	provement	(	Civic Center				
		Fund	Fund		Construction			Total		
Transfers From:										
Major Governmental Funds:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	975,000	\$	-	\$	975,000		
Capital Improvements Fund		-		-		17,500,000		17,500,000		
Nonmajor Proprietary Fund		75,000		369,651				444,651		
Total	\$	75,000		1,344,651		17,500,000		18,919,651		

The interfund transfers scheduled above resulted from a variety of City initiatives including the following:

A \$975,000 transfer out of the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund to increase reserves for Strand Walkway improvements and the construction of a new Police and Fire facility.

A \$17,500,000 transfer out of the Capital Improvements Fund into the Police and Fire Construction Fund for funding of the Public Safety Facility as planned for in the City budget.

#### Note 3: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

A \$75,000 transfer into the General Fund from the County State Lot Fund per existing operating agreements.

A \$369,651 transfer from the Street Lighting to Capital Improvement Fund for Strand Walkway improvements

#### Note 4: Lease and Notes Receivable

The City owns land leased to others upon which a tennis complex, office building, hotel and golf course have been constructed by the lessees. The City receives rental payments, which consist of a base rental plus a percentage of gross revenues, which exceed the base rental.

The tennis complex and office building lease expires in October 2042 and upon expiration, tenants have the option of extending the lease for two additional 15-year periods. The hotel and golf course lease expires in February 2033 and upon expiration, tenants have the option of extending the lease for two additional 25-year periods. At the end of the lease terms (including renewal options), title to the improvements will revert to the City. The lease payments received are recorded as revenue in the General Fund.

In February 1997, the City sold two tracts of land, which were property of the Parking Fund. Total consideration for this sale was \$190,218 of which \$150,000 was received in the form of a promissory note. The note was secured by a deed of trust, bears interest at a rate of 8% and was scheduled to mature in April 2007. In fiscal year 2004, this note receivable was paid in full.

#### Note 5: Capital Assets and Depreciation

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported all capital assets including infrastructure in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. The City elected to use the basic approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for all infrastructure reporting, whereby depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation have been recorded. The following table presents the capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2004:

	Beginnin Balance	•	eases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 33,634	566 \$			\$ 33,634,566
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Being Depreciated	33,634	566			 33,634,566
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and structures	7,789,	599 5,	636,463	(600,895)	12,825,167
Machinery and equipment	3,641,	750	488,423	(86,944)	4,043,229
Vehicles	4,865,	015	298,556	(77,730)	5,085,841
Streets and roadways	32,586,	643 1,	631,756	•	34,218,399
Parks and recreation	10,613,	251	229,058		 10,842,309
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	59,496,	258 8,	284,256	(765,569)	67,014,945

Note 5: Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities (continued): Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and structures	(2,213,435)	(94,114)	354,991	(1,952,558)
Machinery and equipment	(2,210,342)	(281,973)	79,588	(2,412,727)
Vehicles	(2,817,617)	(390,367)	77,730	(3,130,254)
Streets and roadways	(13,580,548)	(949,677)	-	(14,530,225)
Parks and recreation	(2,810,633)	(157,503)		(2,968,136)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(23,632,575)	(1,873,634)	512,309	(24,993,900)
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated, Net	35,863,683	6,410,622	(253,260)	42,021,045
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 69,498,249	\$ 6,410,622	\$ (253,260)	\$ 75,655,611
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land - water	\$ 307,967	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 307,967
Land - storm water	7,650	-	-	7,650
Land - parking	1,441,817	_		1,441,817
Total Capital Assets,				
Not Being Depreciated	1,757,434			1,757,434
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and structures - parking	7,252,204	6,579,788	-	13,831,992
Machinery and equipment - parking	442,770	246,381	-	689,151
Water	16,694,923	983,233	-	17,678,156
Storm water	5,812,748	264,220	-	6,076,968
Wastewater	9,171,135	141,025	_	9,312,160
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated	39,373,780	8,214,647		47,588,427
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and structures - parking	(517,989)	(29,067)	-	(547,056)
Machinery and equipment - parking	(335,568)	(18,850)	-	(354,418)
Water Storm water	(7,082,598) (2,084,328)	(263,694) (122,718)	•	(7,346,292)
Wastewater	(4,193,506)	(122,716)	<u>-</u>	(2,207,046) (4,332,611)
vvastewater	(4, 193,300)	(139,103)		(4,332,011)
Total Accumulated		( <del></del> )		
Depreciation	(14,213,989)	(573,434)		(14,787,423)
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated, Net	\$ 25,159,791	\$ 7,641,213	<u> </u>	\$ 32,801,004
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 26,917,225	\$ 7,641,213	<u> </u>	\$ 34,558,438

# Note 5: Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 169,529 392,780 1,094,904 216,421
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,873,634
Business-Type Activities: Water Storm water Wastewater Parking	\$ 263,694 122,718 139,105 47,917
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 573,434

# Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liability for the year ended June 30, 2004:

	Balance July 1, 2003 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Long-term debt:					
Capital lease	\$ 178,061	\$ -	\$ (115,566)	\$ 62,495	\$ 62,495
Marine Avenue certificate of participation	9,335,000	-	(180,000)	9,155,000	185,000
Other long-term liabilities:					
Supplemental leave allowance	110,054	-	(66,131)	43,923	-
Compensated absences	1,597,327	100,460	-	1,697,787	138,843
Workers' compensation claims	1,526,471	330,062	-	1,856,533	-
General liability claims	104,774	3,882	-	108,656	
Governmental Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 12,851,687	\$ 434,404	\$ (361,697)	\$ 12,924,394	\$ 386,338
Business-Type Activities:					
Long-term debt:					
Water fund certificate of participation	\$ 2,808,330	\$ -	\$ (56,960)	\$ 2,751,370	\$ 60,330
Wastewater fund certificate of participation	1,381,670	-	(28,040)	1,353,630	29,670
Metlox certificate of participation	13,350,000	-	-	13,350,000	255,000
Other long-term liabilities:	, ,			,,	,
Compensated absences	56,668	976		57,644	5,004
Business-Type Activity					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 17,596,668	\$ 976	\$ (85,000)	\$ 17,512,644	\$ 350,004

#### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

#### a. Capital Lease: Municipal Energy Retrofit Program

During the 1994-1995 fiscal year, the City entered into an energy-retrofitting program with Honeywell Home & Building Controls Services. As part of this program, the City contracted for the upgrade, replacement and maintenance of heating, lighting and air conditioning equipment for facilities at a variety of locations. In doing so, the City entered into a Lease-Purchase Agreement consisting of 41 consecutive quarterly payments commencing November 1994 and ending this next fiscal year, November 2004. Each payment includes interest at an imputed annual rate of 6.58%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the capital lease are as follows:

June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2005	\$ 62,495	\$ 1,512	\$ 64,007

#### b. Marine Avenue Certificates of Participation

The City of Manhattan Beach issued \$9,535,000 of Variable Rate Demand Refunding Certificates of Participation (COP) to refinance the Marine Sports Field Lease. The COP's were issued on April 24, 2002. The interest rate is variable and will be determined by the Remarketing Agent at a rate as follows: the adjustable interest rate will be the interest rate for actual days elapsed which, in the judgment of the Remarketing Agent, having due regard for prevailing financial market conditions, when payable with respect to the Certificates, would equal the interest rate necessary to enable the Remarketing Agent to remarket the tendered Certificates at 100% of the principal amount thereof. The rate used for the repayment schedule is 3.58% which was the rate estimated at the issuance of the COP's. The COP's mature on August 1, 2032.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Marine Ave. Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2005	\$ 185,000	\$ 366,553	\$ 551,553		
2006	190,000	361,364	551,364		
2007	200,000	353,287	553,287		
2008	205,000	345,542	550,542		
2009	210,000	335,975	545,975		
2010-2014	1,185,000	1,541,904	2,726,904		
2015-2019	1,410,000	1,275,180	2,685,180		
2020-2024	1,685,000	957,127	2,642,127		
2025-2029	2,005,000	577,515	2,582,515		
2030-2033	1,880,000	140,813	2,020,813		
Total	\$ 9,155,000	\$ 6,255,260	\$ 15,410,260		

#### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

#### c. Supplemental Leave Allowances

In December 1994, an emergency leave bank was established for active management/confidential employees. At June 30, 2004, the total accrued liability for this benefit amounted to \$43,923, based on accumulated hours for months in service during the time period from January 1, 1990, to December 4, 1994, as specified in the parameters of the plan. Upon termination, the employee will be paid for any unused leave and, as such, the total amount of the liability is accrued as a long-term item.

In fiscal year 2004, the City allowed participating employees to cash out this benefit and to transfer such dollars into a newly offered voluntary employee funded retirement health fund. Several employees did so resulting in the decrease in this long-term liability balance compared to the prior year.

#### d. Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2004, the total City-wide accrued liability for compensated absences amounted to \$1,755,431, which is comprised of \$1,293,430 and \$462,001 of vested vacation and sick leave, respectively. \$1,558,944 of this compensated leave liability has been determined to be long-term in nature and related to general governmental services. Additionally, \$52,640 of proprietary fund type long-term leave of absences are recorded in the enterprise funds.

## e. Workers' Compensation Claims

This is an estimation of the workers' compensation claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2004, the long-term portion was \$1,856,533.

#### f. General Liability Claims

This is an estimation of the general liability claims incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2004, the long-term portion was \$108,656.

#### g. Water and Wastewater Certificates of Participation

In September 1996, the Manhattan Beach Capital Improvements Corporation issued \$4,615,000 of debt in the form of Certificates of Participation. This debt was issued to finance 1996 and 1997 enterprise fund projects related specifically to the water and wastewater systems. The certificates bear interest at 5.3% to 5.8% and mature through 2026. Installment payments to be made by the City will be secured by net revenues received by the subject enterprise funds and do not obligate the City's General Funds.

#### Note 6: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

The following schedule illustrates the debt service requirements to maturity for bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2004:

Fiscal	Water					Wastewater																										
Year Ending June 30, 2004	F	Principal		Interest		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Principal	_	Interest		Total
2005	\$	60,330	\$	154,628	\$	214,958	\$	29,670	\$	76,075	\$	105,745																				
2006		63,655		151,342		214,997		31,334		74,458		105,792																				
2007		67,025		147,853		214,878		32,975		72,742		105,717																				
2008		70,376		144,161		214,537		34,624		70,925		105,549																				
2009		73,727		140,288		214,015		36,273		69,020		105,293																				
2010-2014		432,310		635,068		1,067,378		212,690		312,444		525,134																				
2015-2019		586,467		492,431		1,078,898		288,533		242,268		530,801																				
2020-2024		790,893		295,883		1,086,776		389,107		145,570		534,677																				
2025-2029		606,587		54,133		660,720		298,424		26,632	_	325,056																				
Total	\$ 2	2,751,370	\$	2,215,787	\$	4,967,157	\$	1,353,630	\$	1,090,134		2,443,764																				

#### h. Metlox Certificate of Participation

In January 2003, the City of Manhattan Beach issued \$13,350,000 of fixed rate Certificates of Participation (COP) to finance the construction of a public parking structure's at the City owned Metlox site. This site is positioned adjacent to City Hall in the downtown district and the structure's construction was completed in January 2004. Interest rates on the certificates range from 2% to 5% and mature through 2033. These certificates evidence and represent the proportionate interests of the registered owners thereof in lease payments to be made by the City as rent for use of certain real property and improvements thereon. City Hall and adjacent parking are encumbered as security for the COP.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Metlox Parking Facility (COP) are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2005	\$	255,000	\$	597,871	\$	852,871
2006	-	260,000		592,771		852,771
2007		265,000		587,571		852,571
2008		270,000		581,609		851,609
2009		280,000		574,184		854,184
2010-2014		1,555,000		2,717,469		4,272,469
2015-2019		1,910,000		2,375,006		4,285,006
2020-2024		2,400,000		1,897,994		4,297,994
2025-2029		3,080,000		1,246,250		4,326,250
2030-2033		3,075,000		394,250		3,469,250
Total	\$	13,350,000	_\$_	11,564,975	\$	24,914,975

Note 7: Classification Fund Balance and Enterprise Fund Net Assets

The City's governmental funds reserves and designations at June 30, 2004 are presented below:

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Police & Fire Construction Fund	Underground Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Equity	\$ 20,667,534	\$ 9,186,515	\$ 11,956,441	\$ 1,479,976	\$ 6,007,476	\$ 49,297,942
Reserved:						
Encumbrances	\$ 350,515	\$ -	\$ 165,882	\$ -	\$ 89,813	\$ 606,210
Prepaids	22,727	-	12,500	-	-	35,227
Debt service	62,496	-	-	-	-	62,496
Continuing capital projects		999,748	_	1,479,976	2,894,839	5,374,563
Total Reserved	435,738	999,748	178,382	1,479,976	2,984,652	6,078,496
Unreserved	20,231,796	8,186,767	11,778,059	-	3,022,824	43,219,446
Designated:						
Financial policy	6,963,656	-	-	-	-	6,963,656
Economic uncertainty	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
Pension stabilization	2,024,545	-	-	-	-	2,024,545
Employee leave benefit	1,602,867	-	-	-	-	1,602,867
Police-fire safety facility		5,500,000	11,778,059	-	-	17,278,059
Strand walkway	-	2,564,612		-	-	2,564,612
Artesia Blvd.		100,000				100,000
Total Designated	12,591,068	8,164,612	11,778,059	_	-	32,533,739
Undesignated	7,640,728	22,155		_	3,022,824	10,685,707

The City's Enterprise Fund restrictions and City Council designations at June 30, 2004 are presented below:

	Water Fund	Storm Fund	Waste Water Refuse Fund Fund		Parking Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Total Net Assets	\$ 16,690,740	\$ 4,821,497	\$ 5,108,068	\$ 706,779	\$ 6,903,198	\$ 1,422,326	\$ 35,652,608
Restricted: Debt service BID	\$ 227,096	\$ - -	\$ 111,494 	\$ - -	\$ 3,584,340 396,198	\$ - -	\$ 3,922,930 396,198
Total Restricted	227,096		111,494	_	3,980,538		4,319,128
Investment in Net Capital Assets	7,888,461	3,877,573	3,625,918		1,711,485		17,103,437
Unrestricted	8,575,183	943,924	1,370,656	706,779	1,211,175	1,422,326	14,230,043
Designations: Continuing CIPs Financial policy	3,177,757 2,064,000	791,020 98,000	1,246,552 303,000	<u> </u>	19,288 84,000	-	5,234,617 2,549,000
<b>Total Designated</b>	5,241,757	889,020	1,549,552		103,288		7,783,617
After Designations	3,333,426	54,904	(178,896)	706,779	1,107,887	1,422,326	6,446,426

#### Note 8: Retirement Plans

#### a. California Public Employees Retirement System

## Plan Description

The City of Manhattan Beach's defined benefit pension plans (the "Safety and Miscellaneous Plans") provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Safety and Miscellaneous Plans are part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administrated by PERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by state statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City of Manhattan Beach selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with PERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance or resolution. PERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the PERS 's annual financial report may be obtained from the PERS Executive Office - 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

In fiscal year 2001-2002, the City Safety Retirement Plan was unbundled and replaced with separate Police and Fire Plans. The Police Plan was modified from the 2% at 50 to the 3% at 50 benefits. The Fire Plan was modified from the 2% at 50 to the 3% at 55 benefits.

#### **Funding Policy**

Active plan members in the Safety and Miscellaneous Plans are required to contribute 9% and 7% of their annual covered salary, respectively. The City of Manhattan Beach is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. In accordance with existing bargaining group labor agreements, the City fully pays the employee contribution for all full time salaried safety and miscellaneous employees. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2003-2004 was 15.679%, 12.495%, and zero for police, fire, and miscellaneous employees, respectively. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute, and the employer contribution rate is established, and may be amended, by PERS.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

For fiscal year 2003-2004, the City of Manhattan Beach's annual pension cost was \$1,092,147 for the Police, Fire, and Miscellaneous Plans combined, and was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The City also contributed \$1,299,753 for the 2003-2004 fiscal year on behalf of the employees. The City's payroll for employees covered by the plans for the year ended June 30, 2004, was \$16,402,367. The total payroll for the year was \$2,0234,492. The required contributions for fiscal year 2003-2004 were determined as part of the June 30, 2002, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percentage of pay. The actuarial assumptions included: a) 8.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); b) projected salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.75% to 14.20% for miscellaneous members (from 3.75% to 11.59% for safety members); and

#### Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

c) 2% maximum cost-of-living adjustment not to exceed the consumer price index. Both a) and b) include an inflation component of 3.5%. The actuarial value of the Safety and Miscellaneous Plans' assets were determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a two to five-year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. The Safety and Miscellaneous Plans' unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess assets) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period ends June 30, 2011.

#### Three-Year Trend Information for PERS Police Plan

Fiscal Year	ual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
6/30/2002	\$ 481,079	95.18%	\$	(592,208)
6/30/2003	600,254	95.23%		(563,550)
6/30/2004	749,380	95.35%		(528,698)

#### Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation Police Plan

The City of Manhattan Beach annual pension cost and change net pension obligation in fiscal year ending June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	Police
Annual required contributions (ARC) Interest on net pension obligation (NPO) Amortization of net pension obligation	\$ 714,528 (46,493) 81,345
Annual pension cost	749,380
Actual contributions made in fiscal year	714,528
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	34,852
NPO at Beginning of Year	(563,550)
NPO at End of Year	\$ (528,698)

#### Schedules of Funding Progress for PERS Police Plan\*

Valuation Date	Entry Level Normal Accrued Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded (Overfunded) Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/2000	\$ 39,384,276	\$ 46,163,623	\$ (6,779,347)	117.2%	\$ 4,390,090	(154.42) %
6/30/2001	41,984,208	46,779,860	(4,792,823)	114.2%	4,568,938	(106.30) %
6/30/2002	45,740,848	43,425,575	2,315,273	94.9%	4,334,074	53.42 %

<sup>\*</sup> latest available data

# Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### Three-Year Trend Information for PERS Fire Plan

Fiscal Year	 ual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
6/30/2002	\$ 124,294	89.52%	\$	(333,114)
6/30/2003	151,798	89.38%		(316,994)
6/30/2004	397,223	95.06%		(297,390)

# Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation Fire Plan

The City of Manhattan Beach annual pension cost and change net pension obligation in fiscal year ending June 30, 2004 was as follows:

	 Fire
Annual required contributions (ARC) Interest on net pension obligation (NPO) Amortization of net pension obligation	\$ 377,619 (26,152) 45,756
Annual pension cost	397,223
Actual contributions made in fiscal year	 377,619
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	19,604
NPO at Beginning of Year	(316,994)
NPO at End of Year	\$ (297,390)

# Schedules of Funding Progress for PERS Fire Plan\*

Valuation Date			Unfunded (Overfunded) Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/2000	\$ 20,769,978	\$ 26,126,347	\$ (5,356,369)	125.8%	\$ 2,224,554	(240.78) %
6/30/2001	22,790,321	26,700,234	(3,909,913)	117.2%	2,467,527	(158.45) %
6/30/2002	24,650,004	24,596,413	53,591	99.8%	2,619,069	2.05 %

<sup>\*</sup> latest available data

# Three-Year Trend Information for PERS Miscellaneous Plan

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension al Year Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
6/30/2002	\$	-	0%	\$	_
6/30/2003		-	0%		-
6/30/2004		_	0%		_

#### Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Valuation Date	Entry Level Normal Accrued Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded (Overfunded) Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/2000	\$ 26,798,233	\$ 40,447,665	\$ (13,649,432)	150.9%	\$ 7,556,860	(180.62) %
6/30/2001	28,873,800	41,183,641	12,309,841	142.6%	7,750,542	(158.80) %
6/30/2002	31,063,455	38,260,387	7,196,932	123.2%	8,131,217	(88.51) %

<sup>\*</sup> latest available data

#### b. City Funded Pension Plans

#### 1. Supplemental Retirement Plan

The Supplemental Retirement Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers Police, Fire and Management/Confidential employees who retired prior to January 1995. The plan provides the employee the difference between the benefit provided by the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) calculated under the life annuity option and the PERS benefit had the City adopted the Police Officers' Standards and Training (POST) widows and orphans salary continuation plan. The plan states "The City shall pay each retiring officer, sergeant, lieutenant, firefighter and management employee upon retirement, a monthly amount which would make up the difference for that option of which the officer will receive from PERS under Government Code Section 21330 through 21335 and what only the officer would have received while alive had the City adopted the Police Officers' Standards and Training (POST) widows and orphans salary continuation plan. The payment shall be made to the officer only while the officer is alive and will cease upon death. Upon retirement, the right to their payment shall be regarded as a vested pension benefit to the same extent as the individual's retirement allowance." The benefit is payable for the life of the employee. The benefit is subject to a 2% annual cost-of-living increase. This plan is currently dormant as discussed in the next paragraph. The Supplemental Retirement Plan does not have a separate annual financial report.

The City has ceded the liabilities of active participants in the plan to PERS as of January 1, 1995. The City's remaining obligation is to fund the benefits for those participants who are currently retired.

The number of participants covered under the plan as of June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits:

Management/Confidential

5

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the plan are reported at fair value.

Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Schedules	of Funding	Progress	for Supp	lemental	Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	etuarial alue of assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded verfunded) Accrued Liability	Covered Payroll	
6/30/1995	\$ 1	,614,068	\$	1,522,147	\$	(91,921)	\$ 4,087,7	727 (1.39) %
6/30/1996		564,788	·	205,418		(359,370)	N/A	N/Á
6/30/1997		543,583		205,418		(338,165)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1998		244,741		220,145		(24,596)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1999		238,406		220,145		(18,261)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2000		234,028		208,773		(25,240)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2001		227,989		208,773		(19,216)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2002		234,488		200,915		(33,573)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003		224,064		200,915		(23,149)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004		196,711		196,289		(422)	N/A	N/A

During the 1994-1995 fiscal year, the supplemental benefits for safety employees were transferred to PERS.

.,	Annual	5 .
Year	Actual	Percentage
Ended	Contribution	Contribution
6/30/1995	\$ 44,965	100%
6/30/1996	N/A	N/A
6/30/1997	N/A	N/A
6/30/1998	N/A	N/A
6/30/1999	N/A	N/A
6/30/2000	N/A	N/A
6/30/2001	N/A	N/A
6/30/2002	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004	N/A	N/A

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2004
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Cost Credit method
Amortization period	N/A plan is dormant
Remaining amortization period	N/A plan is dormant
Asset valuation method	N/A plan is dormant
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	6.5%
Projected salary increases	N/A plan is dormant
Includes inflation at	N/A plan is dormant
Cost-of-living adjustments	2%

#### Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

#### 2. Single Highest Year Plan

The Single Highest Year Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan of the City of Manhattan Beach. This plan was adopted effective January 1, 1990, covering Management/Confidential Employees and Non-management/Confidential Sworn Police Employees on July 1, 1990 and is for employees who retired prior to May 1993. The plan is known as the City Funded Single Highest Year Plan. The plan pays a retiring employee the difference between the pension payable from PERS and what the PERS pension would be if it were based on the single highest year only. "The payment shall be made to the member only while the member is alive and will cease upon death." Upon retirement, the right to their payment shall be regarded as a vested pension benefit to the same extent as the individual's PERS retirement. This plan is being accounted for in the Pension Fund. Benefits vest after five years of service. Retirees must qualify for PERS retirement to qualify for the Single Highest Year Plan. The benefit is payable for the life of the employee and is subject to a 2% annual cost of living increase. This plan is currently dormant as discussed in the next paragraph. The Single Highest Year Plan does not issue a separate annual financial report.

The City has ceded the liabilities of active participants in the plan to PERS as of July 1, 1993. The City's remaining obligation is to fund the benefits for those participants who are currently retired. The number of participants covered under the plan as of June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Management/Confidential	5
Miscellaneous	2
Fire	2
Police	5

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits:

Total \_\_\_\_14

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the plan are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Valuation Date	-	Actuarial Value of Assets	,	Actuarial Accrued Liability	(0	Jnfunded verfunded) Accrued Liability	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/1995	\$	596,473	\$	471,299	\$	(125,174)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1996		565,631		495,795		(69,836)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1997		520,280		495,795		(24,485)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1998		607,602		546,538		(61,064)	N/A	N/A
6/30/1999		596,229		546,538		(49,691)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2000		596,885		532,507		(64,378)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2001		580,156		532,507		(47,649)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2002		602,569		516,298		(86,271)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003		582,400		516,298		(66,102)	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004		499,227		498,155		(1,072)	N/A	N/A

# Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

	Annual	
Year	Actual	Percentage
Ended	Contribution	Contribution
6/30/1995	N/A	N/A
6/30/1996	N/A	N/A
6/30/1997	N/A	N/A
6/30/1998	N/A	N/A
6/30/1999	N/A	N/A
6/30/2000	N/A	N/A
6/30/2001	N/A	N/A
6/30/2002	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004	N/A	N/A

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2004

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Cost Credit Method

Amortization period N/A plan is dormant Remaining amortization period N/A plan is dormant Asset valuation method N/A plan is dormant

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.5%

Projected salary increases N/A plan is dormant Includes inflation at N/A plan is dormant

Cost-of-living adjustments 2%

#### 3. Post Retirement Plan for Firefighters

The Post Retirement Plan for Firefighters is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan of the City of Manhattan Beach. This plan was effective December 7, 1996 and is covered under the collective bargaining agreement with the Firefighters Association. The plan covers all firefighters covered under the collective bargaining agreement with the Firefighter's Association of Manhattan Beach. The plan provides for \$150 per month to cover the cost of insurance premiums. Eligibility includes any firefighter who takes a service retirement on and after December 7, 1996, and who has a minimum of 20 years of service with the City of Manhattan Beach. The benefit is payable until the participant qualifies for Medicare benefits. This plan is being accounted for in the Pension Fund. The Post Retirement Plan for Firefighters does not issue a separate annual financial report.

The number of participants covered under the plan as of June 30, 2004 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits:

Fire - Active	24
Fire - Retireees	1
Total	25

# Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments of the plan are reported at fair value.

#### Schedules of Funding Progress for POST Retirement Health

Actuarial Valuation Date	-	Actuarial Value of Assets	,	Actuarial (Overfunded) Accrued Accrued Liability Liability		verfunded) Accrued	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Payroll
6/30/2002 6/30/2003 6/30/2004	\$	124,731 130,150 208,679	\$	106,873 106,873 208,231	\$	(17,858) (23,277) (448)	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Plan valuations and liabilities reflect post retirement benefits put into place in the 2000-2001 fiscal year.

	Annual	
Year	Actual	Percentage
Ended	Contribution	Contribution
6/30/2002	N/A	N/A
6/30/2003	N/A	N/A
6/30/2004	N/A	N/A

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2004

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Cost Credit Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 6.5%

#### 4. Retirement Plan for Part-Time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees

On June 6, 1997, the City dissolved the City-administered retirement plan for parttime, seasonal and temporary employees and selected the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS) as the retirement program for this group.

The PARS plan is a defined contribution plan. All members earnings are subject to contribution from the employee and the employer. The contribution rate for the employee is 3.75% and for the employer is 3.75% of payroll.

Total payroll for employees covered by this plan for the year was \$1,203,279. The amount of employee contribution was \$45,123, and employer contribution was \$45,123.

#### Note 9: Post-Employment Health Insurance

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the City provides certain health insurance benefits, in accordance with memoranda of understanding, to retired employees. To qualify, a retiree must meet the criteria for PERS retirement.

Effective January 1, 1990, the City shall pay \$1 per month for police, fire and management retirees electing to participate in the PERS medical insurance program. The \$1 per month amount will increase each year by 5% of the remaining \$15 per month to a maximum of \$16 per month. The City shall pay any mandated surcharge increases required by PERS.

The City recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by recording the insurance premiums as expenditures. The cost to the City in fiscal year 2003-2004 for this benefit was \$4,900.

#### Note 10: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City currently reports all of its risk management activities in its Insurance Reserve Fund. The City adopted a self-insured workers' compensation program that is administered by a service agent. The City is self-insured for the first \$250,000 on each claim. Insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount is provided by a private insurance company up to a limit of \$20,000,000. Also, the City is self-insured for the first \$250,000 on each general liability claim against the City. The insurance coverage in excess of the self-insured amount is provided by Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA) up to a limit of \$10,000,000.

ICRMA is considered a self-sustaining risk pool. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. At June 30, 2004, the amount of these liabilities was \$4,066,829. The amount represents an estimate of \$2,101,640 for reported claims through June 30, 2004, and \$1,965,189 of estimated incurred but not reported claims. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability at June 30, 2004, resulted from the following:

Year	Liability Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims and Payments	Liability End of Year
2003	\$ 3,670,520	\$ 1,685,041	\$ (1,323,140)	\$ 4,032,421
2004	4,032,421	1,444,631	(1,410,224)	\$ 4,066,828

The City is a member of the ICRMA, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 28 California cities. The City pays an annual premium to the pool for its excess general liability insurance coverage. The agreement for information of the ICRMA provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The City continues to carry commercial companies for all other risks of loss, including property insurance including earthquake and flood, auto physical damage insurance and special events insurance.

During the past three fiscal (claims) years, none of the above programs have had settlements or judgments that exceed pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured coverages from coverage in the prior year.

#### Note 10: Risk Management (Continued)

The ICRMA has published its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2004, which can be obtained from Independent Cities Risk Management Authority, 14156 Magnolia Park, Sherman Oaks, California.

#### Note 11: Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations

#### a. Joint Venture

#### South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority

The City is a member of the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority (SBRPCA), a joint powers authority of the cities of Manhattan Beach, Gardena and Hawthorne. SBRPCA was formed October 14, 1975, for the purpose of financing a public safety communications system for the member cities. The Governing Board is composed of an elected official of each member City. An executive committee is composed of the City managers of each member City. The City's participation percentage at June 30, 2004, was 23.1%.

Summarized audited financial information for SBRPCA at June 30, 2002\*, is presented below:

#### **Balance Sheet**

Assets	\$ 12,224,871
Liabilities to member cities (all current) Bonds payable Fund equity	\$ 791,514 9,540,000 1,893,357
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$ 12,224,871
Revenues and Expenditures	
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 4,978,464 (4,829,932)
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	148,532
Fund equity - July 1, 2001 Contributed capital	1,660,725 84,100
Fund equity - June 30, 2002*	\$ 1,893,357

<sup>\*</sup>Most current information available.

SBRPCA has issued its own separate financial statements, which are available at 4440 W. Broadway, Hawthorne, California 90250.

#### Note 11: Joint Ventures and Jointly Governed Organizations (Continued)

#### b. Jointly Governed Organization

#### Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehension Crime Task Force

The City of Manhattan Beach is a member of Los Angeles Interagency Metropolitan Police Apprehension Crime Task Force (L.A. IMPACT), a joint powers authority of the police departments of cities and other institutions in Los Angeles County. The Organization was formed July 1, 1991, with the mission to promote coordinated law enforcement efforts and to address emerging criminal justice issues, mainly in the areas of drug trafficking enterprise and money laundering. The Executive Council consists of 14 police chiefs and other various police officers. All financial decisions were made by the Executive Council. The members received monetary distributions from the asset seizures based on their respective contribution to the effort.

Separate financial statements of L.A. IMPACT are available at the City of La Verne, California.

Summarized audited financial information for L.A. IMPACT at June 30, 2003\*, is presented below:

#### **Balance Sheet**

\$	6,779,557
\$	3,397,407 2,280,521 1,101,629
\$	6,779,557
\$	3,328,816 (5,597,071)
	(2,268,255)
	4,548,776
\$_	2,280,521
	\$

<sup>\*</sup>Most current information available.

#### Note 12: Employee 401(a) Plan

The City contributes to a 401(a) plan to its management confidential employees into which employees can make voluntary post-tax contributions. The market value of the plan assets at June 30, 2004 was \$849,907.

As of June 30, 2004, the following balances of assets and liabilities were present:

	Market Value _401(a) Pla		
Total Assets	\$	849,907	
Liability to Plan Participants	\$	849,907	

#### Note 13: Related Party Transactions

In June 1995, the City entered into a loan agreement with its City Manager to be used toward the purchase of his residence within the City. The original loan amount was \$430,000. The outstanding principal balance of the loan at June 30, 2004 was \$351,705.

In July 2000, the City entered into a loan agreement with its Police Chief to be used toward the purchase of his residence within the City. The original loan amount was \$427,500. The outstanding principal balance of the loan at June 30, 2004 was \$392,472.

#### Note 14: Commitments and Contingencies

There are certain lawsuits pending against the City which seek monetary damages. The outcome and financial effect of these matters on the City cannot presently be determined, and no provision for any potential liability or losses has been included in the basic financial statements as of June 30, 2004. However, City management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Construction Management Services Contract - Police and Fire Facility

The City of Manhattan Beach has entered into a contract with Vanir Construction, Inc., to provide construction management services for the Police and Fire facility project. The contract was for an amount not-to-exceed \$1,420,592. As of June 30, 2004, the remaining balance on the contract was \$416,440.

Architect Contract - Police and Fire Facility

The City of Manhattan Beach has entered into a contract with Hellmuth, Obata & Kassabaum, Inc., to provide architectural services for the Police and Fire facility project. The contract was for an amount not-to-exceed \$2,475,234. As of June 30, 2004, the remaining balance on the contract was \$191,613.

#### Note 15: Operating Agreement

On January 16, 2001, the City of Manhattan Beach entered into an operating agreement with the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority (the Authority). The operating agreement provides a funding mechanism for the Authority to upgrade the 911 emergency telephone and radio dispatch center. The City has committed to the following future payments:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2005	\$ 148,544
2006	145,699
2007	147,636
2008	149,478
2009	145,836
2010-2014	585,388
2015-2019	521,931
2020-2024	532,016
2025-2029	529,613
2030-2031	82,279
Total	\$ 2,988,420

#### Note 16: Fund Balance Restatement

Beginning fund equity has been restated as follows:

Major enterprise fund:
Water fund
Prior year expenses understated

\$ 133,846

#### Note 18: Subsequent Event

Police and Fire Facility Certificates of Participation

On November 4, 2004, the City issued \$12,980,000 in Certificates of Participation to fund the construction of a new Police and Fire facility and public civic center plaza. The project consists of a two-story police and fire facility encompassing approximately 60,000 square feet adjacent to the existing City Hall and includes the construction of below grade level parking structure which will provide 350 new parking spaces. The balance of the below grade construction area will be used for jail operations, a firing range and fitness area. The project cost approximates \$41 million and has been fully funded through the use of the aforementioned bond proceeds and earmarked capital project reserves. These reserves are evident in Capital Project Funds at June 30, 2004 in the amount of \$17,446,440. Construction commenced in February 2004 and completion is anticipated for the end of calendar 2005.

Given that these bonds were issued in the period subsequent to the fiscal year of reporting, the related liability will be recorded in fiscal year 2004-2005.



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# **JUNE 30, 2004**

#### MAJOR FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Budgetary comparison statements are presented as part of the basic financial statement for the General Fund as provided for by GASB Statement No. 34. The budgetary comparison schedules for the remaining major funds are presented to aid in additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



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# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Street Lighting					Asset		
	and Landscape Gas Tax			F	orfeiture			
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	186,448	\$	2,438,434	\$	767,709		
Receivables:								
Accounts		8,326		-		-		
Due from other governments				65,496		-		
Total Assets	\$	194,774	\$	2,503,930	\$	767,709		
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	_\$_	39,146	_\$_	199,432	\$	309		
Total Liabilities		39,146		199,432		309		
Fund Balances:								
Reserved:								
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		-		
Reserved for continuing projects		-		1,099,763		-		
Unreserved:								
Undesignated		155,628		1,204,735		767,400		
Total Fund Balances		155,628		2,304,498		767,400		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	194,774	\$	2,503,930	\$	767,709		

Special	Revenue	Eunde
Special	Revenue	Funds

Public Safety Grants		Prop A		Prop C		AB 2766		overnmental Funds
\$ 187,306	\$	592,332	\$	2,047,276	\$	54,047	\$	6,273,552
- -		<u>-</u>		-		- 11,435		8,326 76,931
\$ 187,306	\$	592,332	\$	2,047,276	\$	65,482	_\$_	6,358,809
\$ _	\$	16,694	\$	95,752	\$		\$	351,333
-		16,694		95,752		-		351,333
89,813		-		- 1,795,076		-		89,813 2,894,839
97,493		575,638		156,448		65,482		3,022,824
187,306		575,638		1,951,524		65,482		6,007,476
\$ 187,306	\$	592,332	\$	2,047,276	\$	65,482	\$	6,358,809

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Street Lighti and Landsca	•	Asset Forfeiture							
Revenues: Taxes and assessments	\$ 376,73		\$ -							
Intergovernmental Charges for services		- 722,228	11,912							
Use of money and property	5,40	66 28,331	9,042							
Miscellaneous	27,0	•	<u> </u>							
Total Revenues	409,2	12 812,172	20,954							
Expenditures: Public safety Culture and recreation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	37,277							
Public works	437,3	780,838	<u> </u>							
Total Expenditures	437,3	780,838	37,277							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(28,10	05) 31,334	(16,323)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(369,69	51)								
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(369,6	51)	<u> </u>							
Net Change in Fund Balances	(397,75	56) 31,334	(16,323)							
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	553,38	2,273,164	783,723							
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 155,62	28 \$ 2,304,498	\$ 767,400							

# Schedule 2

**Special Revenue Funds** 

Duk	olic Safety			<u></u>	Nevenue i u			Go	Total overnmental
	Public Safety Grants		Prop A		Prop C AB 2766		AB 2766		Funds
\$	_	\$	492,416	\$	409,979	\$	_	\$	1,279,129
Ψ	112,118	Ψ	-	Ψ	785,451	Ψ	42,513	Ψ	1,674,222
	· -		5,342		-		-		5,342
	1,507		5,963		18,470		1,470		70,249
	-		-		-		-		88,625
	113,625		503,721		1,213,900		43,983		3,117,567
	11,799		-		-		-		49,076
	-		- 356,418				-		356,418
			57,438		609,551	134,32			2,019,473
	11,799		413,856		609,551		134,329		2,424,967
	101,826		89,865		604,349		(90,346)		692,600
	_		-		_				(369,651)
	-		-		-		-		(369,651)
	101,826		89,865		604,349		(90,346)		322,949
	85,480		485,773		1,347,175		155,828		5,684,527
\$	187,306	\$	575,638	\$	1,951,524	\$	65,482	\$	6,007,476

#### **JUNE 30, 2004**

#### NONMAJOR FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### **Special Revenue Fund Description**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Street Lighting Fund** provides the power, maintenance and capital improvements for the lighting system within the City of Manhattan Beach. Money is received from a special assessment placed on each tax bill in the City, the amount of which is determined by the benefit received by the owner of each property. Assessments from Zone 10 of the street lighting district

**Gas Tax Fund** is used to account for the City's share of state and county gasoline tax collection in accordance with the provisions of the State of California Streets and Highway Code. Revenues are disbursed by the state based on population and must be used towards the maintenance and repair of City streets that serve as state and county thoroughfares.

Asset Forfeiture Fund is used to account for funds received through federal and state agencies for drug seizures in which the City participated. These funds must be used to supplement, not supplant, the Police Department's normal operating budget. The amount of revenue will vary from year to year based on activity levels.

**Police Safety Grants** is used for monies received from the federal and state governments for the purposes of supplementing front-line law enforcement services.

**Proposition A and C Funds** are used to account for proceeds from the half-cent sales taxes generated by the approval of Proposition A and C by Los Angeles County voters. These funds, which are administered by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA), are distributed based on population and must be used for transportation-related projects.

Air Quality Fund is used to account for proceeds received from the additional vehicle registration fee imposed by the state and regulated by the Air Quality Management District (AQMD). These funds are distributed based on population and must be used for programs designed to reduce air pollution from motor vehicles.

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING AND LANDSCAPE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 386,700	\$ 386,700	\$ 376,734	\$ (9,966)	
Use of money and property	11,250	11,250	5,466	(5,784)	
Miscellaneous	26,962	26,962	27,012	50_	
Total Resources	424,912	424,912	409,212	(15,700)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public works	448,618_	448,618	437,317	11,301	
Total Charges to Appropriations	448,618	448,618	437,317	11,301	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers out	(369,651)	(369,651)	(369,651)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources	(369,651)	(369,651)	(369,651)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(393,357)	(393,357)	(397,756)	(4,399)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	553,384	553,384	553,384	_	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 160,027	\$ 160,027	\$ 155,628	\$ (4,399)	

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance witl Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):	\$	657,395	\$	711,470	\$	722,228	\$	10,758
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	Φ	25.846	φ	25,846	φ	28,331	Ψ	2,485
Miscellaneous		25,040		23,040		61,613		61,613
Total Resources		683,241		737,316		812,172		74,856
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow): Public works		631,462		2,019,309		780,838		1,238,471
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>		631,462		2,019,309		780,838		1,238,471
Net Change in Fund Balance		51,779		(1,281,993)		31,334		1,313,327
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,273,164		2,273,164		2,273,164		_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,324,943	\$	991,171	\$	2,304,498	\$	1,313,327

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,912	\$ 11,912
Use of money and property	20,824	20,824	9,042	(11,782)
Total Resources	20,824	20,824	20,954	130
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	327,623	355,797	37,277	318,520
Total Charges to Appropriations	327,623	355,797	37,277	318,520
Net Change in Fund Balances	(306,799)	(334,973)	(16,323)	318,650
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	783,723	783,723	783,723	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 476,924	\$ 448,750	\$ 767,400	\$ 318,650

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC SAFETY GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget Amounts Original Final			unts Final	_ Actual _ Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	112,118	\$	112,118	\$	-
Use of money and property		-				1,507		1,507
Total Resources		-		112,118		113,625		1,507
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow): Public safety		-		99,593		11,799		87,794
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>		-		99,593		11,799		87,794
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		12,525		101,826		89,301
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		85,480		85,480		85,480		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	85,480	\$	98,005	\$	187,306	\$	89,301

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes	\$ 463,500	\$ 463,500	\$ 492,416	\$ 28,916	
Charges for services	7,000	7,000	5,342	(1,658)	
Use of money and property	12,629	12,629	5,963	(6,666)	
Total Resources	483,129	483,129	503,721	20,592	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Culture and recreation	747,222	757,222	356,418	400,804	
Public works	52,000	81,378	57,438	23,940	
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	799,222	838,600	413,856	424,744	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(316,093)	(355,471)	89,865	445,336	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	485,773	485,773	485,773		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 169,680	\$ 130,302	\$ 575,638	\$ 445,336	

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	 Budget /	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Resources (Inflows):						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 381,800	\$	381,800	\$ 409,979	\$	28,179
Intergovernmental	-		785,451	785,451		-
Use of money and property	 39,826		39,826	 18,470		(21,356)
Total Resources	421,626		1,207,077	1,213,900		6,823
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Public works	443,719		2,434,298	609,551		1,824,747
Total Charges to Appropriations	443,719		2,434,298	609,551		1,824,747
Net Change in Fund Balance	(22,093)	(	1,227,221)	604,349		1,831,570
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 1,347,175		1,347,175	 1,347,175		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,325,082	\$	119,954	 1,951,524	\$	1,831,570

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AB 2766 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	 Budget /	Amoı	unts Final	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Resources (Inflows):	 					
Intergovernmental	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 42,513	\$	2,513
Use of money and property	4,674		4,674	1,470		(3,204)
Total Resources	44,674		44,674	43,983		(691)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				. ,		
Public works	 2,000		132,481	134,329		(1,848)
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	 2,000		132,481	134,329		(1,848)
Net Change in Fund Balance	42,674		(87,807)	(90,346)		(2,539)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 155,828		155,828	 155,828		-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 198,502	\$	68,021	\$ 65,482	\$	(2,539)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
December (Inflame):	Original			Finai		Amounts	(Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):	•	200 000	Φ	200 000	Φ	204.044	•	05.044
Taxes and assessments	\$	299,000	\$	299,000	\$	324,244	\$	25,244
Licenses and permits		58,139		58,139		50,876		(7,263)
Intergovernmental		<b>-</b>		114,081		114,081		-
Charges for services		510,000		510,000		550,026		40,026
Fines and forfeitures		111,000		111,000		124,498		13,498
Total Resources		978,139		1,092,220		1,163,725		71,505
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
General government		_		111,919		90,778		21,141
Public safety		-		6,631		2,124		4,507
Culture and recreation		10,000		302,070		229,057		73,013
Public works	1,	400,000		1,390,015		457,301		932,714
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	1	410,000		1,810,635		779,260		1,031,375
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in	1,	344,651		1,344,651		1,344,651		-
Transfers out		500,000)		(17,500,000)		(17,500,000)		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	(16,	155,349)		(16,155,349)		(16,155,349)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,	587,210)		(16,873,764)		(15,770,884)		1,102,880
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	24,	957,399		24,957,399		24,957,399		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,	370,189	\$	8,083,635	\$	9,186,515	\$	1,102,880

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SAFETY AND CIVIC CENTER CONSTRUCTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

		Budget /	Amou	ınts		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	0	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):									
Use of money and property	\$	52,500	_\$	52,500	\$	-		(52,500)	
Total Resources		52,500		52,500				(52,500)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):									
Public safety		-		-		5,543,559		(5,543,559)	
Public works	1	5,400,000		15,400,000				15,400,000	
<b>Total Charges to Appropriations</b>	1	5,400,000		15,400,000		5,543,559		9,856,441	
Other Financing Sources:									
Transfers in	1	7,500,000		17,500,000		17,500,000			
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	1	7,500,000		17,500,000		17,500,000		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,152,500		2,152,500		11,956,441		9,803,941	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year									
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,152,500	\$	2,152,500	\$ '	11,956,441	\$	9,803,941	

#### **JUNE 30, 2004**

#### **NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for City operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent in using this type of fund is to see that the costs of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

**County Parking Lot Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of parking lots that are owned by Los Angeles County but leased to the City. Proceeds from the meters and parking permits are divided 55% to the county, with an annual guaranteed minimum of \$130,000 and 45% to the City.

**State Pier and Parking Lot Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Manhattan Beach Pier, comfort station and four adjacent parking lots. These properties are owned by the state but controlled by the City through an operating agreement.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

	County Parking Lots		ate Pier and arking Lot	Totals		
Assets: Current:						
Cash and investments	\$	332,035	\$ 1,246,285	<u>\$</u>	1,578,320	
Total Assets	\$	332,035	\$ 1,246,285	\$	1,578,320	
Liabilities and Net Assets: Liabilities: Current:						
Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	138,464 548	\$ 16,982 	\$	155,446 548	
Total Liabilities		139,012	 16,982		155,994	
Net Assets: Unrestricted		193,023	1,229,303		1,422,326	
Total Net Assets		193,023	 1,229,303		1,422,326	
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Assets</b>	\$	332,035	\$ 1,246,285	\$	1,578,320	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	County Parking Lots		State Pier and arking Lot	 Totals
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges	\$	424,957	\$ 324,891	\$ 749,848
Total Operating Revenues		424,957	324,891	 749,848
Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Contract and professional services Materials and services Utilities Administrative service charges Leases and rents		9,027 1,049 23,555 10,512 2,870 13,842 233,727	9,435 1,092 87,149 23,735 27,931 13,842	18,462 2,141 110,704 34,247 30,801 27,684 233,727
Total Operating Expenses		294,582	163,184	 457,766
Operating Income (Loss)		130,375	161,707	 292,082
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue		-	10,201	10,201
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			10,201	 10,201
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		130,375	171,908	302,283
Transfers out		(75,000)	 	(75,000)
Changes in Net Assets		55,375	171,908	227,283
Net Assets: Beginning of Fiscal Year		137,648	 1,057,395	 1,195,043
End of Fiscal Year	\$	193,023	\$ 1,229,303	\$ 1,422,326

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	County Parking Lot	State Pier and Parking Lot	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		<b>* 7</b> 04.004	<b>A</b> 4 4 4 0 0 4 0
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 424,957	\$ 724,891	\$ 1,149,848
Cash paid to supplies for good and services	(248,116)	(140,416)	(388,532)
Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid for interfund services used	(10,076)	(10,527)	(20,603)
Cash paid for interfund services used	(13,842)	(11,814)	(25,656)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Operating Activities	152,923	562,134	715,057
.,	,		
Cash Flows from Noncapital			
Financing Activities:			
Cash transfer to other funds	(75,000)	<u> </u>	(75,000)
Not Cook Brasidad (Hood) has			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by  Noncapital Financing Activities	(75,000)		(75 000)
Noncapital Financing Activities	(75,000)	-	(75,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest received	-	10,201	10,201
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Investing Activities		10,201	10,201
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	77.000	570.005	252 252
and Cash Equivalents	77,923	572,335	650,258
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	254,112	673,950	928,062
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Deginning of Teal	254,112	073,930	920,002
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 332,035	\$ 1,246,285	\$ 1,578,320
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	© 400.075	C 404.707	<b>©</b> 000 000
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating	\$ 130,375	\$ 161,707	\$ 292,082
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)			
by operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	-	400,000	400,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	22,548	427	22,975
Total Adjustments	22,548	400,427	422,975
Not Cook Broaded (U 1) bee			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	¢ 452.022	¢ 560.404	¢ 745.057
Operating Activities	<u>\$ 152,923</u>	<u>\$ 562,134</u>	\$ 715,057

#### **JUNE 30, 2004**

#### NONMAJOR INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds have been established to finance, administer and account for the provision of goods and services to all funds and all departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Insurance Reserve Fund** is used to account for the City's self-insured workers' compensation and general liability programs. The fund collects premiums from departments based on claims history.

**Information Systems Fund** is used to account for the operation, maintenance and replacement of the City's Information Systems including the Citywide network and related hardware and software. Revenues are generated from charges to departments based on the number of PCs in use.

**Fleet Management Fund** is used to account for the operation, maintenance and replacement of City vehicles. Revenues are generated from vehicle rental charges to departments based upon the number, type and age of vehicles utilized.

**Building Maintenance and Operations Fund** is used to account for the operation and maintenance of certain City facilities. Revenues are generated by charges to user departments based on the number of personnel in the department.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2004

Assets:	Insurance Reserve	Information Systems	Fleet Management	Building Maintenance and Operations	Total
Current: Cash and investments Due from other governments Inventories	\$ 4,342,883 2,544	\$ 554,435 - -	\$ 1,503,754 - -	\$ 67,407 - 92,369	\$ 6,468,479 2,544 92,369
Total Current Assets	4,345,427	554,435	1,503,754	159,776	6,563,392
Noncurrent: Fixed assets-net of accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>	1,955,587		1,955,587
Total Assets	\$ 4,345,427	\$ 554,435	\$ 3,459,341	\$ 159,776	\$ 8,518,979
Liabilities and Fund Equity: Liabilities: Current:					
Accounts payable Workers' compensation claims General liability claims	\$ 3,514 1,961,722 139,918	\$ 2,600 - -	\$ 21,886 - -	\$ 52,590 - -	\$ 80,590 1,961,722 139,918
Total Current Liabilities	2,105,154	2,600	21,886	52,590	2,182,230
Noncurrent: Workers' compensation claims General liability claims	1,856,532 108,656	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,856,532 108,656
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,965,188				1,965,188
Total Liabilities	4,070,342	2,600	21,886	52,590	4,147,418
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	- 275,085	- 551,835	1,955,587 1,481,868	107,186	1,955,587 2,415,974
Total Net Assets	275,085	551,835	3,437,455	107,186	4,371,561
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 4,345,427	\$ 554,435	\$ 3,459,341	\$ 159,776	\$ 8,518,979

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	 nsurance Reserve	 formation Systems	_M	Fleet lanagement	Ма	Building intenance and perations		Totals
Operating Revenues:							_	
Sales and service charges	\$ 2,258,460	\$ 711,919	\$	.,,	\$	863,739	\$	-,,
Miscellaneous	 98,284	 		116,296				214,580
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	 2,356,744	 711,919	_	1,457,079		863,739		5,389,481
Operating Expenses:								
Salaries and wages	159,044	290,611		210,600		164,493		824,748
Employee benefits	28,792	36,653		121,800		24,835		212,080
Contract and professional services	14,946	81,799		57,666		204,028		358,439
Material and services	2,191,784	616,615		412,859		334,142		3,555,400
Utilities	9,777	3,696		-		116,800		130,273
Administrative service charges	46,071	-		43,836		21,207		111,114
Depreciation	 <u> </u>	 -	_	390,367		-		390,367
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	 2,450,414	1,029,374		1,237,128		865,505		5,582,421
Operating Income (Loss)	 (93,670)	(317,455)	_	219,951		(1,766)		(192,940)
Change in Net Assets	(93,670)	(317,455)		219,951		(1,766)		(192,940)
Net Assets:								
Beginning of Fiscal Year	 368,755	 869,290		3,217,504		108,952		4,564,501
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 275,085	\$ 551,835	\$	3,437,455	\$	107,186	\$	4,371,561



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#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Insurance Reserve	Information Systems
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 163,957	\$ 767
Cash received from interfund service provided	2,258,460	711,920
Cash payments to supplies for good and services	(2,078,694)	(737,258)
Cash payments to employees for services	(187,836)	(327,264)
Cash payments for interfund services used	(218,053)	(20,971)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(62,166)	(372,806)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchases of capital assets		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(62,166)	(372,806)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	4,405,049	927,241
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 4,342,883	\$ 554,435
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (93,670)	\$ (317,455)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	ψ (00,010)	Ψ (017, 400)
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation	_	_
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	673	_
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(2,544)	_
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(2,044)	_
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(79)	(55,351)
Increase (decrease) in deposits	(954)	(55,551)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(334)	_
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	34,408	-
morease (decrease) in ciaims payable	34,400	-
Total Adjustments	31,504	(55,351)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (62,166)	\$ (372,806)

# Schedule 10

Flee	-		Building		4 1
Manage	ement	Mai	intenance		Totals
\$ 16	6,480	\$	493	\$	181,697
-	1,334		982,028	·	5,393,742
	2,718)		(721,102)		(3,969,772)
	2,300)		(189,328)		(956,728)
(156	6,961 <u>)</u>		(59,900)		(455,885)
615	5,835		12,191		193,054
(328	3,928)				(328,928)
(328	3,928)		-		(328,928)
286	6,907		12,191		(135,874)
1,216	6,847		55,216		6,604,353
\$ 1,503	3,754	\$	67,407	\$	6,468,479
\$ 219	,951	\$	(1,766)	\$	(192,940)
	,	·	( - , ,	•	(**=,****)
	,367		-		390,367
22	2,145		-		22,818
	-		-		(2,544)
	-		(4,061)		(4,061)
(15	,508)		18,018		(52,920)
	-		-		(954)
(1	,120)		-		(1,120)
					34,408
395	,884		13,957		385,994
\$ 615	,835	\$	12,191	\$	193,054

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

	Balance July 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2004
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$1,322,795	\$ 700,540	\$ 268,369	\$ 1,754,966
Total Assets	\$1,322,795	\$ 700,540	\$ 268,369	\$ 1,754,966
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 8,861	\$ 3,600	\$ 5,261
Due to other agencies	10,000	-	-	10,000
401(a) plan deposits	610,089	239,818	-	849,907
Utility development deposit	619,874	-	-	619,874
Art development fees	-	207,428	-	207,428
Other deposits	82,832	244,433	264,769	62,496
Total Liabilities	\$1,322,795	\$ 700,540	\$ 268,369	\$ 1,754,966