

OUTDOOR DINING TASK FORCE MEETING



AGENDA

- Roll Call
- Approval of Minutes
- Living Streets Manual
- Downtown Specific Plan
- Case Studies
- Public Comments
- Task Force Discussions



DISCUSSION TOPICS

- Allowable Area/Zone/Businesses
- Location and Size
- Design Elements
- Operations and Maintenance
- Administration and Enforcement
- Parking Alternatives



Project Background

- California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) Transportation Planning Grant
- 2. Customize Los Angeles County Living Streets Design Manual
- 3. Conduct three (3) Community Outreach Sessions
- 4. Prepare Concept Plans for the Aviation Boulevard Corridor
- 5. Approvals at a future date at the City Level







Active Transportation Specialist: Rock Miller

Project Manager: Maria Morris Traffic and Planning: Daryl Zerfass Outreach Specialist: Leslie Scott



Living Streets can Include:

- Sidewalks
- ADA accessibility
- Bike lanes or other bike signage
- Comfortable and accessible transit stops
- High visibility crosswalks
- Bulbouts and medians
- Roundabouts
- Green space and street trees
- Outdoor dining
- Integrated land uses
- Street furniture







"Living Streets" have the following elements...











- reflect the **CHARACTER** of the community to which it belongs
- allow people of all ages and abilities to WALK AND BIKE comfortably and safely
- contribute to the ECONOMIC VITALITY of the community
- are functionally complete, providing a CHOICE OF TRAVEL MODES throughout the place
- create attractive places that promote SOCIAL ACTIVITY
- integrate GREEN TECHNOLOGIES into design and construction





- LA County Living Streets model manual updated for localized conditions in Beach Cities - Hermosa Beach, Manhattan Beach, and Redondo Beach.
- Updated policies, standards, tool box, local pictures, local conditions
- Documented outreach process
- Additional chapter on "Emerging Technologies"
- Specific Chapter on each of the three Cities

Available OnlinePlease visit your City website



Project Description

Customize the Living Streets Design Manual

- a)Local outreach and priorities specific to the Beach Cities
- b) <u>Local</u> examples
- c) Framework for future improvements within the Cities





Living Streets Manual Chapters

- Chapter 1: Introduction
 - Updated to include new manuals, standards, and legal changes since 2011
- Chapter 2: Vision, Goals, Policies and Benchmarks
 Removed generic policies and referenced city-specific goals
- Chapter 3: Street Networks and Classifications
 No changes
- Chapter 4: Traveled Way Design

Updated to include new cycle track treatments and referenced feedback from first public meeting

- Chapter 5: Intersection Design
 - Expanded discussion of pedestrian scrambles and curb ramp orientation
- Chapter 6: Universal Pedestrian Access
 - No changes
- Chapter 7: Pedestrian Crossings

Expanded discussion of pedestrian scrambles and referenced feedback from first public meeting

Chapter 8: Bikeway Design

Added discussion of topography, bicycle intersections, bicycle stations, and bicycle corrals and expanded on cycle tracks, bike boxes, colored pavements, and legal status. Added model project.



Living Streets Manual Chapters

Chapter 9: Transit Accommodations

Added discussion of comfort and sense of place, effective wayfinding, personal safety, transit-bike conflicts, bus stop islands, rail-bike conflicts, and additional resources.

Chapter 10: Traffic Calming

Expanded discussion of road diets and referenced public feedback from first public meeting

Chapter 11: Streetscape Ecosystem

Added discussion of regional SCAG GoHuman regional outreach and advertising program

Chapter 12: Gathering Places

No changes

Chapter 13: Designing Land Use Along Living Streets

No changes

Chapter 14: Retrofitting Suburbia

No changes

Chapter 15: Community Engagement for Street Design

Added discussion of outreach conducted for this manual and concerns and projects for consideration identified through that process

Chapter 16: Emerging Technologies

New chapter: discussion of shared mobility services, transportation network companies, car share, bike share, autonomous vehicles, and the impact of these technologies on transit included

Chapter 17: The Beach Cities and [Hermosa Beach, Manhattan Beach, or Redondo Beach]



CHAPTER 11

STREETSCAPE **ECOSYSTEM**

- Street water management
- Urban forestry
- Street furniture
- Utilities
 - Lighting



Best Practices: Streetscape Improvements



Landscaped Roundabout, Redondo Beach, CA



Public Art. Redondo Beach, CA



Wrapped Utility Boxes Hermosa Beach, CA

Landscaping

- Interest & gesthetics
- Reduce heat island effect
- Capture storm water

Street Amenities

- Makes roadways more attractive places to walk, shop, or exercise
- Lighting/safety



Tree-Lined Street



Wayfinding on Culver Blvd., Culver City, CA

Wayfinding

Shade Trees

- Pedestrian comfort
- Reduce heat island effect
- Capture storm water

- Important local destinations
- · Establish a sense of place



CHAPTER 12

GATHERING PLACES

- Public space
- Strategies to replace streets
- Placemaking for streets



CHAPTER 13

LAND USE ALONG LIVING STREETS

- Streetscape environment types
- Implementation strategies
- Health and land use







Use of the Manual

- INTENDED AUDIENCE
- INTENDED USES
 - Grant applications
 - Budget planning
 - Land use decisions
 - General Plan update
 - Street projects
 - Capital improvement projects
 - Active transportation projects



Next Steps

- Customized Living Street Design Manual to be independently approved at the City level
- With approval, each City can use the Manual as a tool guiding document for land use and infrastructure decisions



Task Force Q&A



BACKGROUND

- Rising commercial rent
- Infusion of chains
- Pedestrian uses replaced by banks/offices
- Potential loss of <u>small town character</u>

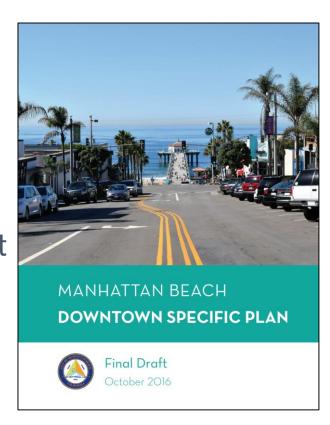






Contents

- Analysis of Existing Conditions
- Vision
- Land Use Plan
- Circulation Plan
- Private/Public Realm Development
 Standards and Design Guidelines
- Infrastructure and Public Facilities
- Implementation





Timeline

- Dec. 2016: Adopted by City Council
- Mar. 2017: Submitted to Coastal Commission
- Aug. 2018: Coastal Commission requested major modifications (STR, parking, etc)
- Sep. 2018: City Council rejected Coastal
 Commission recommendations and repealed Specific Plan



Post-DTSP

- Code amendments to require Use Permits for:
 - Ground floor offices/
 banks in CD zone
 - 2) Retailers exceeding 1,600 sq ft of sales floor area



1) Office use at 1419 Highland Ave

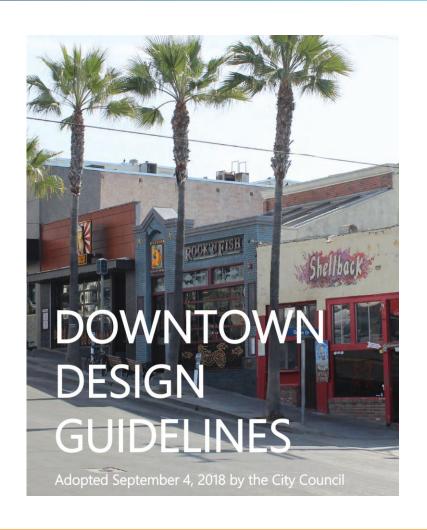


2) Skechers store expansion



Post-DTSP

Replace the 1998
 Downtown Design
 Guidelines with 2016
 Design Guidelines
 (DT Specific Plan Ch. 6)



Chapter 3 - Vision

- Goal 1: Preserve and enhance the project area's small town character
- Goal 2: Enhance pedestrian and bicycle access to the project area
- Goal 3: Improve access to parking and alternative transportation options
- Goal 4: Encourage, maintain, and enhance economic vitality

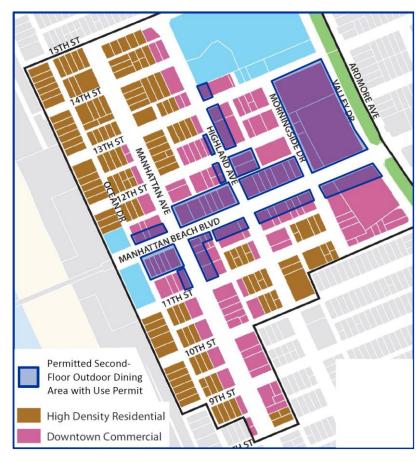
SMALL TOWN CHARACTER DEFINED:

- Relaxed, charming, eclectic beach atmosphere
- Walkable, pedestrian-oriented, clean and safe environment
- Strong sense of community with the Downtown as the heart
- Events that reinforce a shared sense of community and place
- Balance residential and commercial quality of life to maintain the community's integrity and soul



<u>Chapter 4 – Land Use Plan</u>

- 2nd floor outdoor dining guidelines (Adopted Jan. 2019)
 - Requires Use Permit & sound attenuation plan
 - Not to face res. uses
 - No balconies over ROW





<u>Chapter 6 - Private Realm Development</u>

Standards & Design Guidelines

- 6.2.F: Outdoor Dining-Private property
 - ConfigurationsFencing
 - Materials

- Maintenance







<u>Chapter 7 - Public Realm Development</u>

Standards & Design Guidelines

 Create/enhance public spaces that activate the environment and also support local businesses







Task Force Q&A

CASE STUDY: CAPITOLA

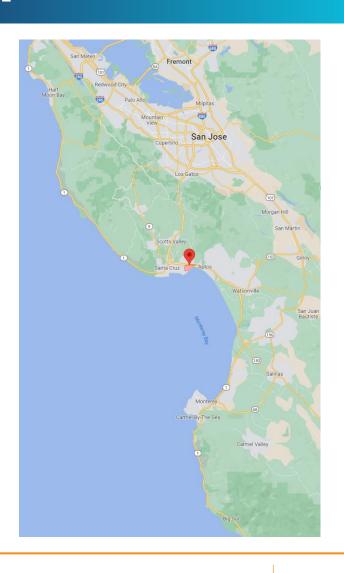
- Area: 1.7 square miles
- Population: Approx. 10,000











Program Scope	 Limited to eating and drinking establishments Sidewalk dining or Street dining decks (Max. 25 spaces)
Applicable Areas	Limited to specific streets and zones (ie., Mixed-Use or Commercial)
Size	 Max. 5 parking spaces or 900sf Sidewalk min. clearance 4 - 5ft Shall front the establishment unless physically impossible
Parking Replacement	 Min. 2 bike parking racks for each on-street parking eliminated In-lieu fee of \$300/bike space/yr One-time fee of \$200/space



Operation	 7am to 10pm year round; "Open for use" min. 5 days/week No music or amplified sound
Signage	1 identification sign and 1 menu signEach max. 2sf
Maintenance	• Deposit: \$500 sidewalk, \$1K (~2 space), \$1.5K (~5 space)
Materials	 Wood, glass, steel/iron, masonry, and concrete
Other Requirements	 No interference with public utilities Insurance Enclosed roof structures prohibited



Permit Fee	 Encroachment: \$577 Building Permit: Based on valuation of deck Planning (Custom design only): \$1K deposit Coastal Development Permit (Custom design only): \$865 Parking space lease: \$3.4K/per/yr Sidewalk and non-parking space lease: \$18/sf/yr
Approval Authority	 Staff/Director: Prototype decks Planning Commission: Sidewalk and custom decks
Permit Duration	Coastal Zone: 3 yrs; thereafter, re-evaluated every 5 yrs
Good Standing	 Has had no violations in past 24 months to apply 3 strikes and out; no permit allowed for next 2 yrs



Lottery System

 Distributes the 25 parking spaces for street dining decks

Administrative Policy

- Further defines the rules, regulations, and conditions of outdoor dining program
- Prototype Street Dining Deck Design
 - Allows streamlined review and approval



COASTAL COMMISSION REVIEW

- City Council compliance review in 3 years and every 5 years thereafter >> Codified
- 2. Dedication of 50% of outdoor dining lease revenue for coastal access in order to mitigate impacts to coastal resources >> Removed
 - Parking data and improvements
 Recreation opportunities
 - Prototype design
 - Shuttle service

- Bike parking
- Capital Improvement Programs



CASE STUDY: SAN DIEGO



Program Scope













Applicable Zones	 Mixed-Use zone Most Commercial and Industrial zones
Location	 Streetary and sidewalk dining: Adjacent to the frontage of establishment Active sidewalk: Streets with on-street parking that can accommodate a Class IV bike lane Promenade: Streets adjacent to exclusively residential uses in Coastal Zone prohibited
Size	 None Min. 54ft in length for active sidewalk



Maintenance	 Required to post contact information of responsible party visible from PROW
Materials	 Permit to be posted on sidewalk dining premise Only applicable in the Gaslamp Quarter
- Traterials	Only on umbrellas
Signage	 Sidewalk dining: Max. 4sf on umbrellas/awning
Approval Authority	 Staff/Director Business Improvement District, if sidewalk dining is located within BID; No alcohol sale or new construction Hearing officer: Appealable Area of Coastal Zone
Permit Duration	• 2 years (Streetary and active sidewalk)



Operations	 7am to 10pm (Until 11pm on Fri-Sat) Within 150ft of residential use : 7am to 9pm (Until 10pm on Fri-Sat) Conditional Use Permit req. for live entertainment No smoking/vaping Noise ordinance enforced Open to public during non-operating hours (Streetary, active sidewalk, promenade)
Other Requirements	 Insurance Maintenance & Removal Agreement Promenade: Provide access to emergency vehicles



Parking	 Beach Impact Area : Equivalent number of replacement required Required if sidewalk dining area is greater than 200sf, exceeds 25% of combined gross floor area, and is within parking impact overlay zone
Permit Fees	 Right-of-Way Permit: Approx. \$750+ Building Permit: Approx. \$1,600 Coastal Development Permit: Approx. \$8,000+ Neighborhood Use Permit: Approx. \$7,800



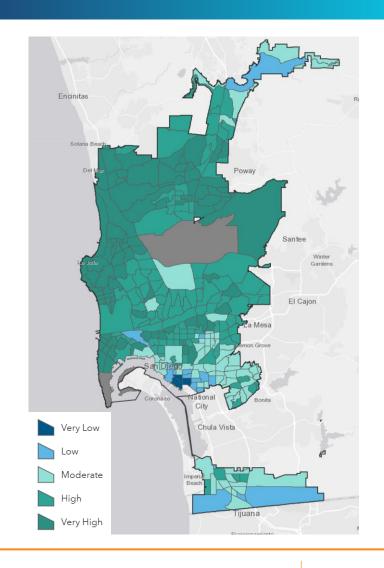
Fee Breakdown Example

: \$7K - \$14K (Excludes Coastal Dev. Permit)





- Streetary: Exclusive Use Fee
 - City's Climate Equity Index*
 - \$10-30/sf/yr; based on access to opportunity
 - Expenditure of funds
 - Administration,
 enforcement, and public
 improvements





- Deviations (Streetary, Sidewalk, Active Sidewalk)
 - Neighborhood Use Permit required
 - Findings
 - Compatibility with adjacent land use
 - Enhancement to street and ped. travel
 - No adverse impacts to use of street
 - Excludes engineering, operation hours, ADA, storm water, and overhead structure



COASTAL COMMISSION REVIEW

- 1. Require Coastal Development Permits
 - >> Codified
 - Non-appealable areas
 - : Ministerial review; cannot be appealed
 - Appealable Areas
 - : Reviewed by hearing officer;
 - appealable to Planning Commission



COASTAL COMMISSION REVIEW

2. Add provision for replacement parking

>> Codified

Within BIA <u>Streetary</u>

Active sidewalk

<u>Promenade</u>

Equivalent number of no-cost parking to be provided on site or through shared parking





COASTAL COMMISSION REVIEW

- 2. Add provision for replacement parking
 - >> Codified
 - Private outdoor dining (off-street parking areas)

Within

BIA

Equivalent no-cost parking required, even if excess parking exists

Outside

Min. code required parking to be maintained on-site



CASE STUDIES

Task Force Q&A



PUBLIC COMMENTS



- What elements would you like to take from the Living Streets Manual and the DT Specific Plan?
- What program components from the case studies would you like replicated in/customized for Manhattan Beach?
- What other components do we want to develop that is unique to Manhattan Beach?



- What elements would you like to take from the Living Streets Manual and the DT Specific Plan?
 - Sidewalk dining, private outdoor dining, 2nd fl dining decks, pedestrian amenities (benches, lighting, art, etc)

 What program components from the case studies would you like replicated in/customized for Manhattan Beach?



 What other components do we want to develop that is unique to Manhattan Beach?



NEXT STEPS

- Future Agenda Items
 - Overview of Building/Public Works/Fire Code

- Potential meeting dates
 - $_{\circ}$ 4th Tuesdays (1-3 PM) >> 6/27
 - $_{\circ}$ 3rd Wednesdays (2-4 PM) >> 6/21
 - $_{\circ}$ 4th Thursdays (9-11 AM) >> 6/29